

186th Meeting of the Acoustical Society of America

Investigation of Duty Cycles for Measuring Activity in Passive Acoustic Bat Monitoring

Aditya Krishna, Wu-Jung Lee

May 14th, 2024



UNIVERSITY *of* WASHINGTON
Applied Physics Laboratory



**ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER
ENGINEERING**

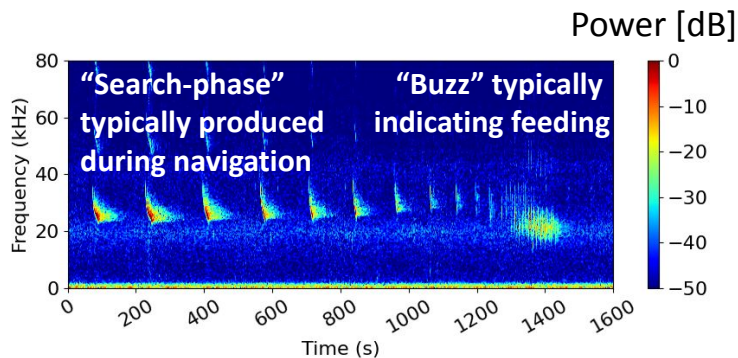
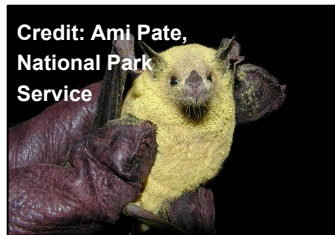
UNIVERSITY *of* WASHINGTON

PAM needs strategic subsampling

Passive acoustic monitoring (PAM)

- Useful method for environmental surveys

*Slowed down by 1.2x to be **audible**.

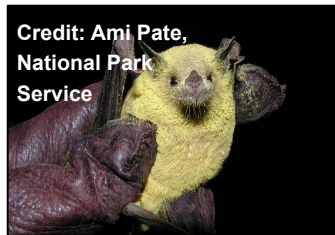


PAM needs strategic subsampling

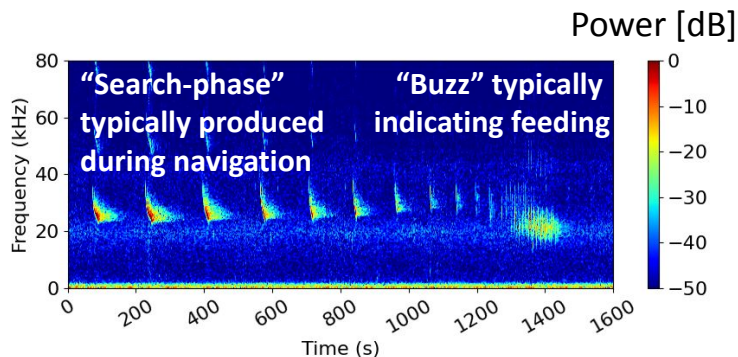
Passive acoustic monitoring (PAM)

- Useful method for environmental surveys
- Labor-intensive and data-demanding

*Slowed down by 1.2x to be **audible**.



Credit: Ami Pate,
National Park
Service



Subsampling strategies

- Mitigate costs of PAM
- Commonly implemented with ON/OFF **duty-cycling**
- Thoroughly investigated for multiple animal groups

Echolocators may require **specific considerations** for subsampling (Rand et al. 2022)

Recorded 24/7 data from July to October 2022

2

The Union Bay Natural Area, Seattle, WA



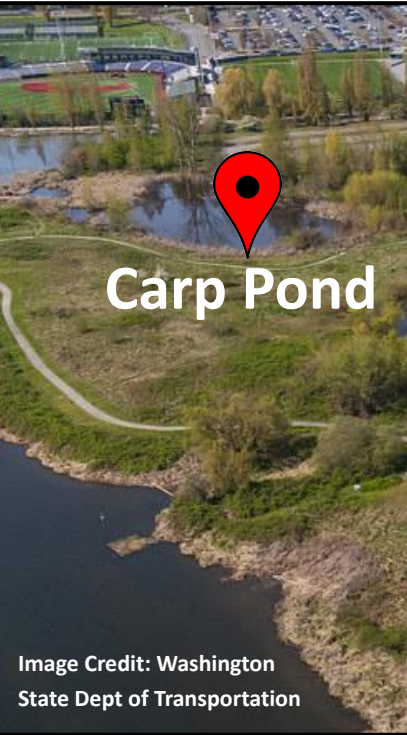
Image Credit: Washington
State Dept of Transportation

Recorded 24/7 data from July to October 2022

2

The Union Bay Natural Area, Seattle, WA

- Focusing on Carp Pond for this talk



Recorded 24/7 data from July to October 2022

2

The Union Bay Natural Area, Seattle, WA

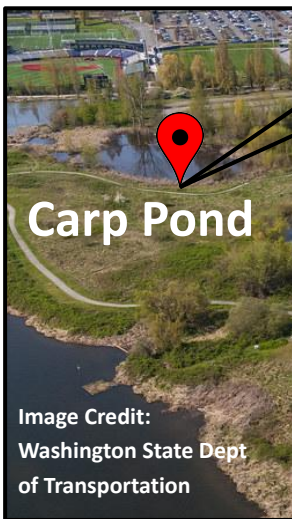


Audiomoths

- Rechargeables + 128GB SD
- 192kHz sampling for bats
- Roughly 30GB / day
- Replacements every 3 days

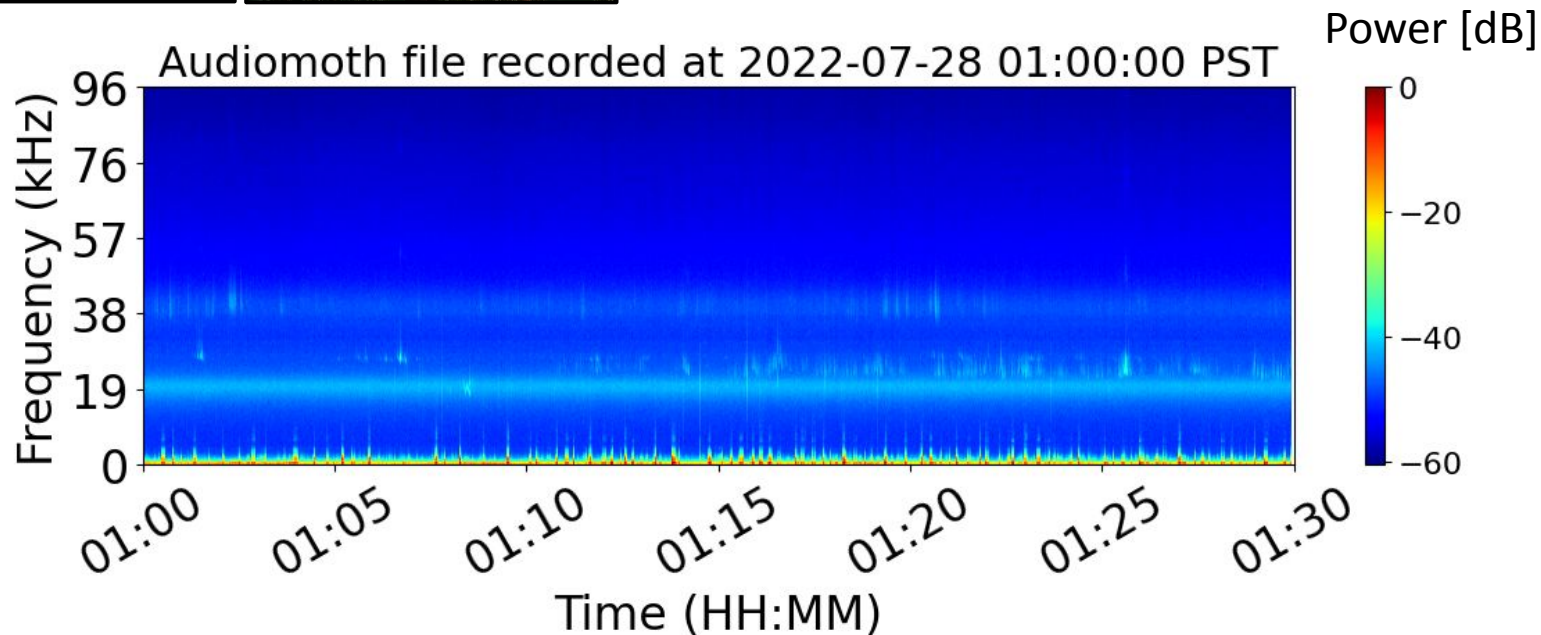
Recorded 24/7 data from July to October 2022

2



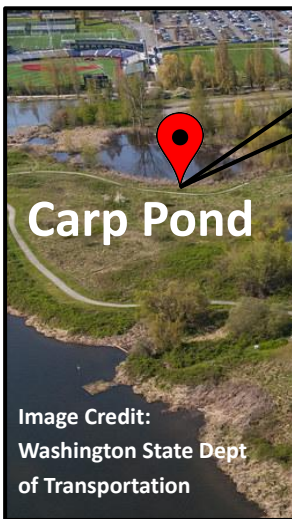
Audiomoths

- Rechargeables + 128GB SD
- 192kHz sampling for bats
- Roughly 30GB / day
- Replacements every 3 days



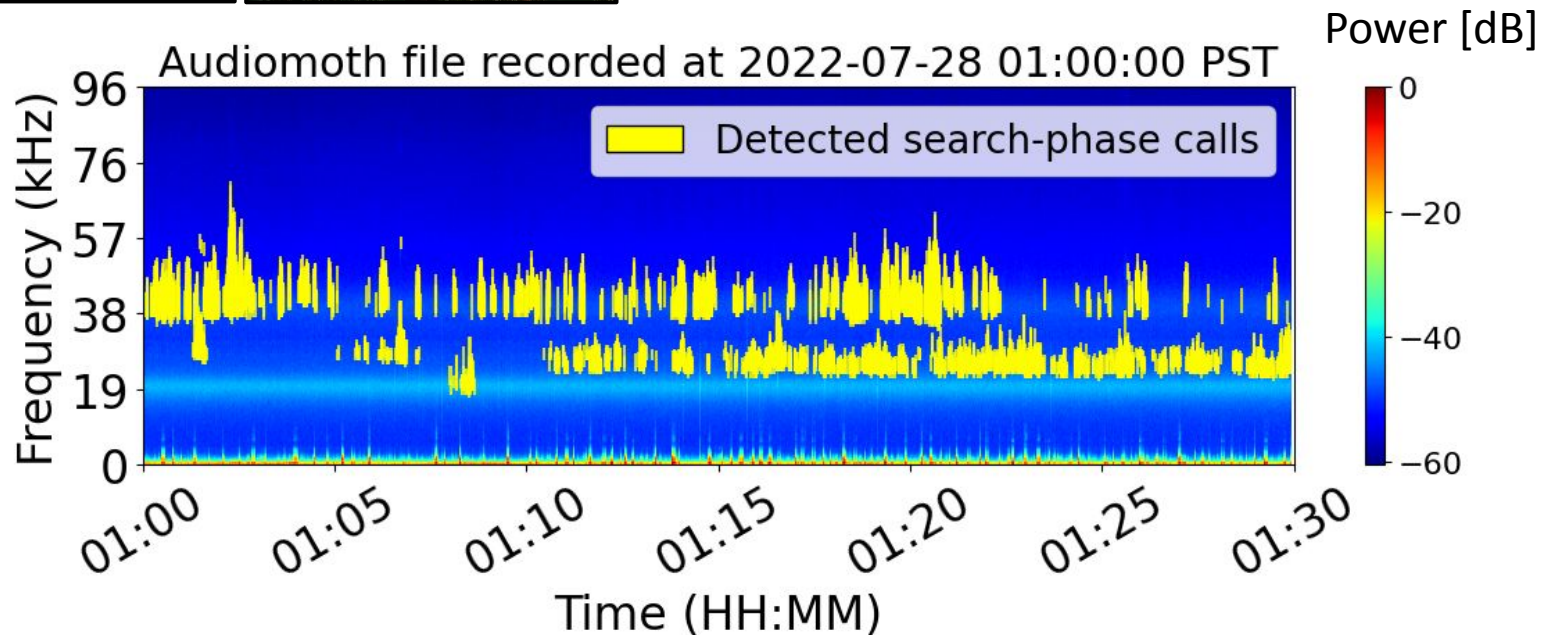
Recorded 24/7 data from July to October 2022

2



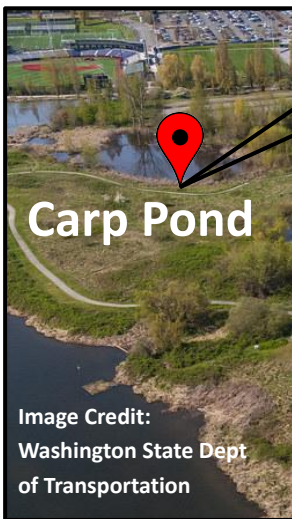
Audiomoths

- Rechargeables + 128GB SD
- 192kHz sampling for bats
- Roughly 30GB / day
- Replacements every 3 days



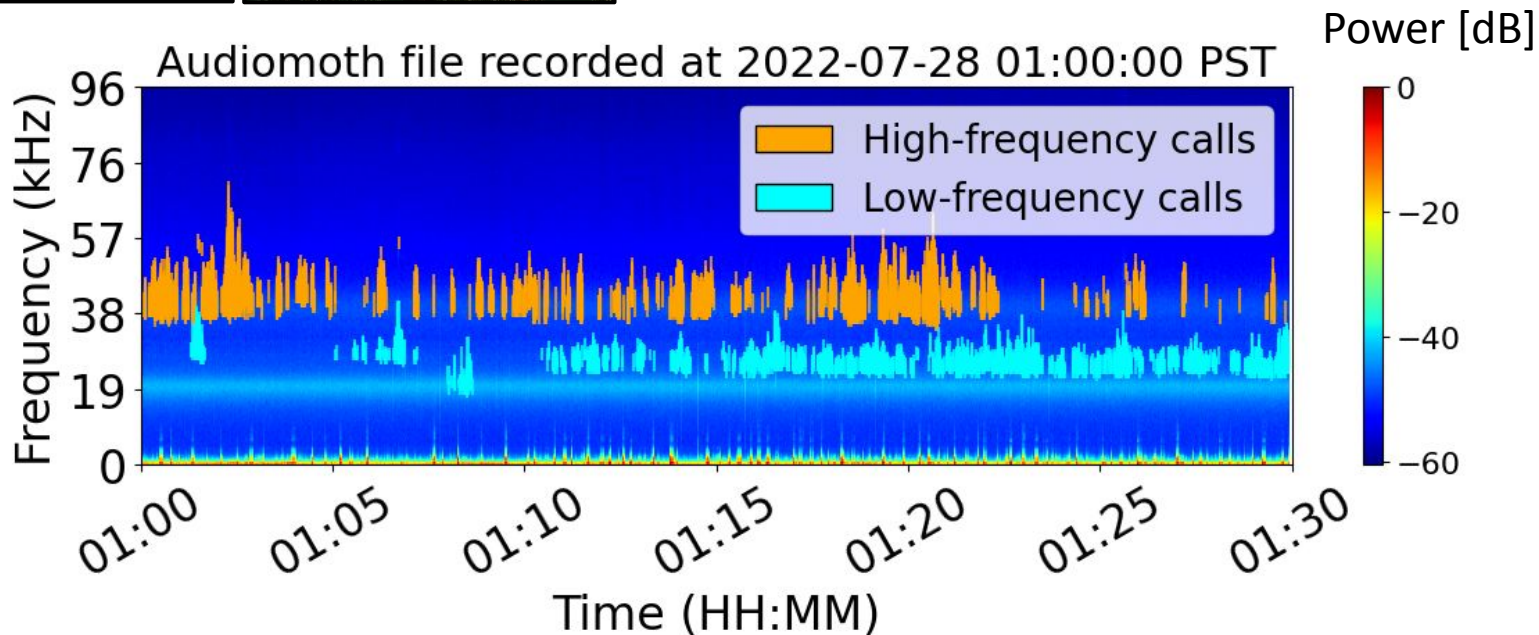
Recorded 24/7 data from July to October 2022

2



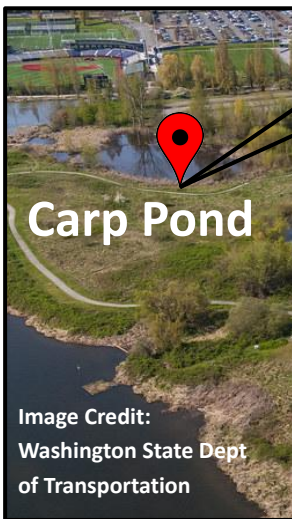
Audiomoths

- Rechargeables + 128GB SD
- 192kHz sampling for bats
- Roughly 30GB / day
- Replacements every 3 days



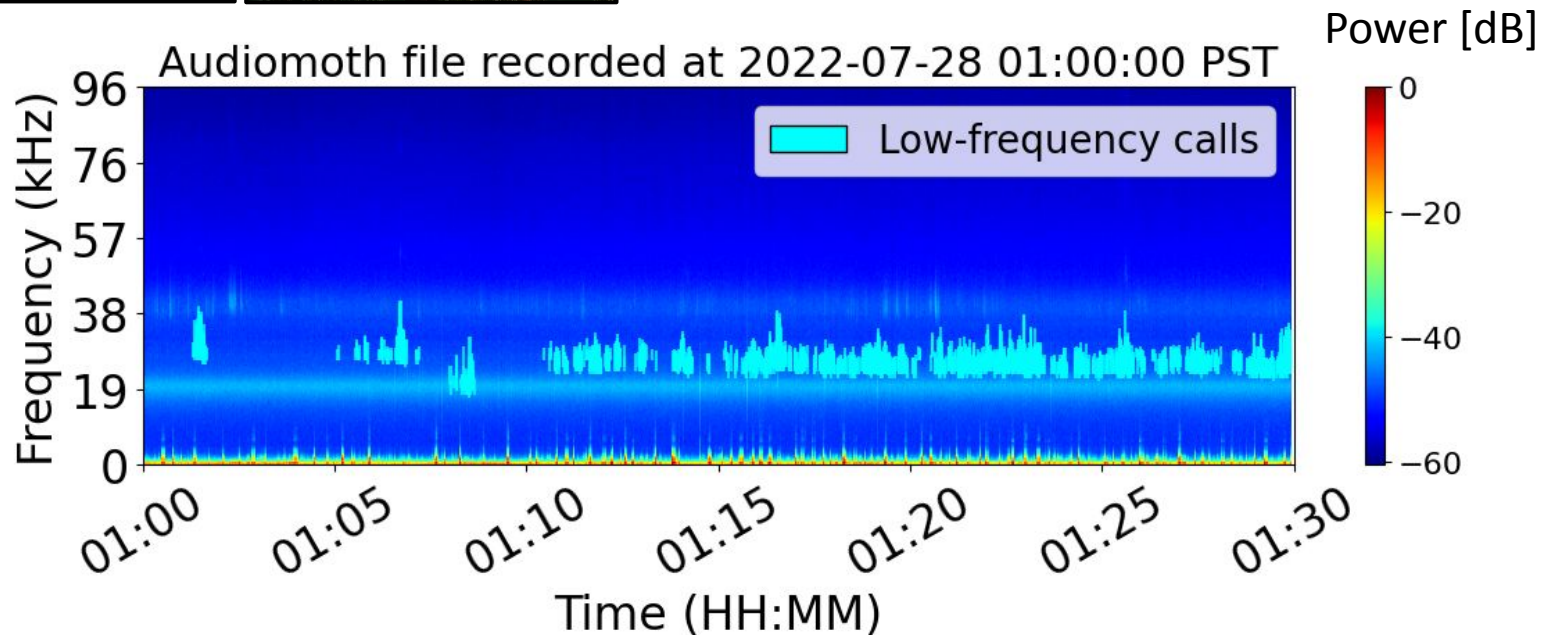
Recorded 24/7 data from July to October 2022

2



Audiomoths

- Rechargeables + 128GB SD
- 192kHz sampling for bats
- Roughly 30GB / day
- Replacements every 3 days



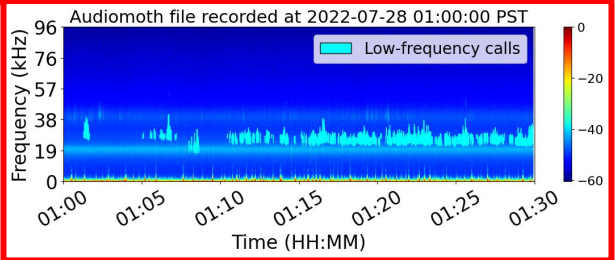
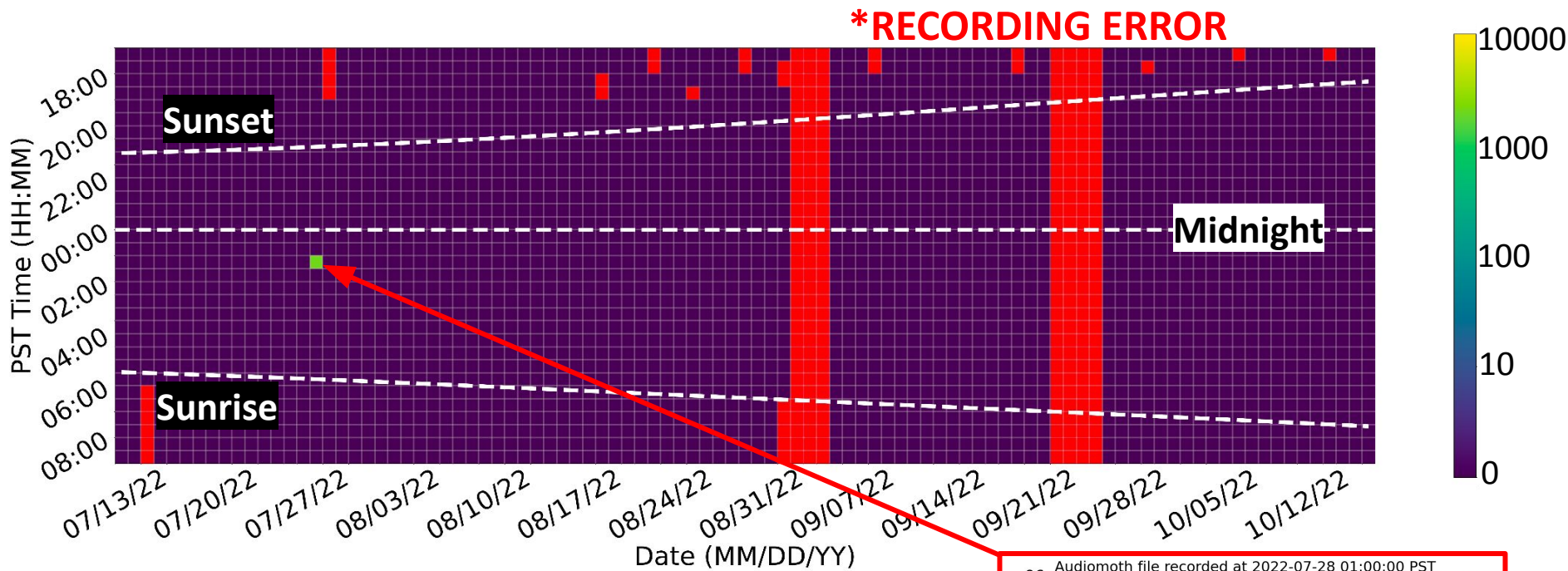
Research Questions

1) How do our activity measurements change when we use duty-cycle based subsampling?

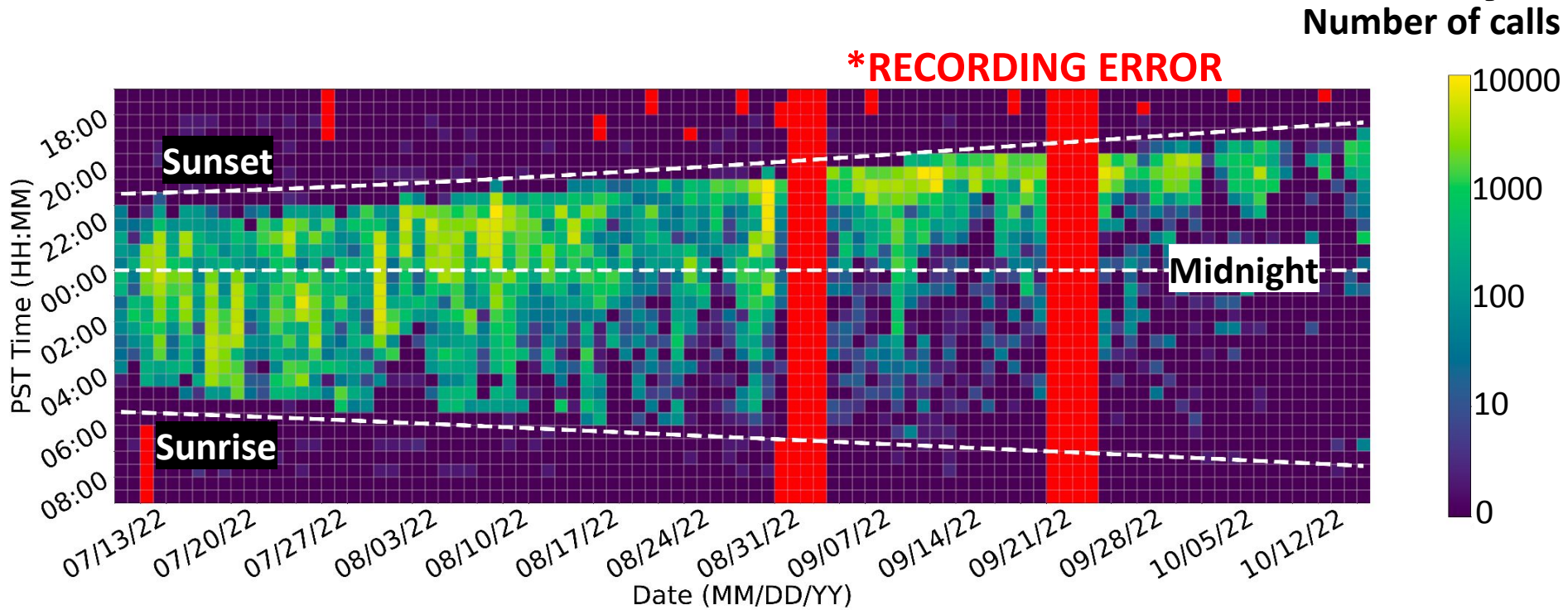
2) Is the number of calls a good measure for activity? Are there other better metrics?

Dataset consisted of natural fluctuations in activity

Number of calls



Dataset consisted of natural fluctuations in activity

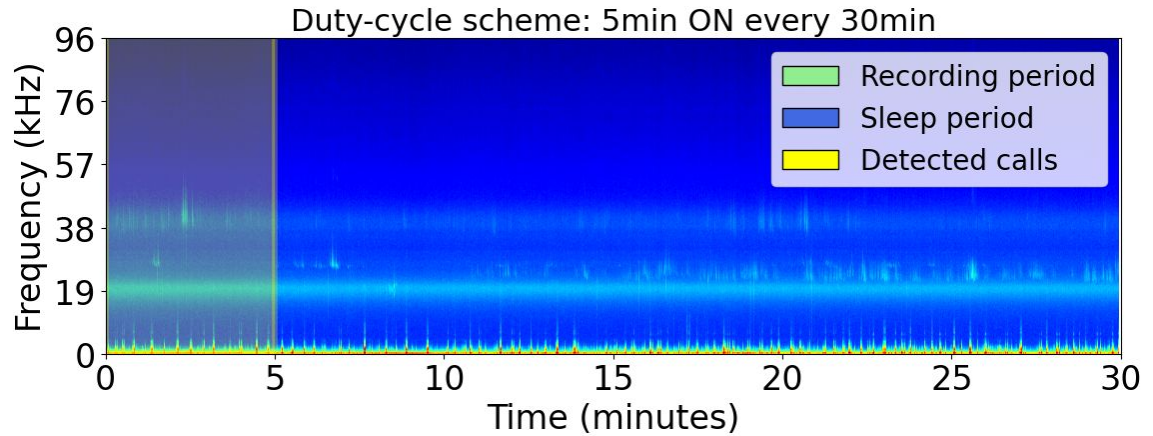


- Number of calls per 30-min file

How to subsample using duty cycles?

Parameters:

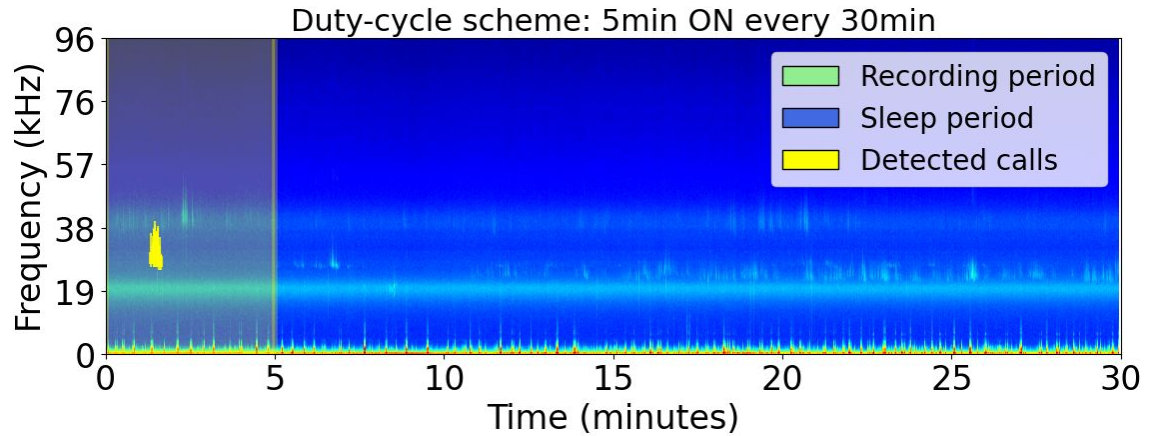
- (1) Listening ratio
- (2) Cycle length



How to subsample using duty cycles?

Parameters:

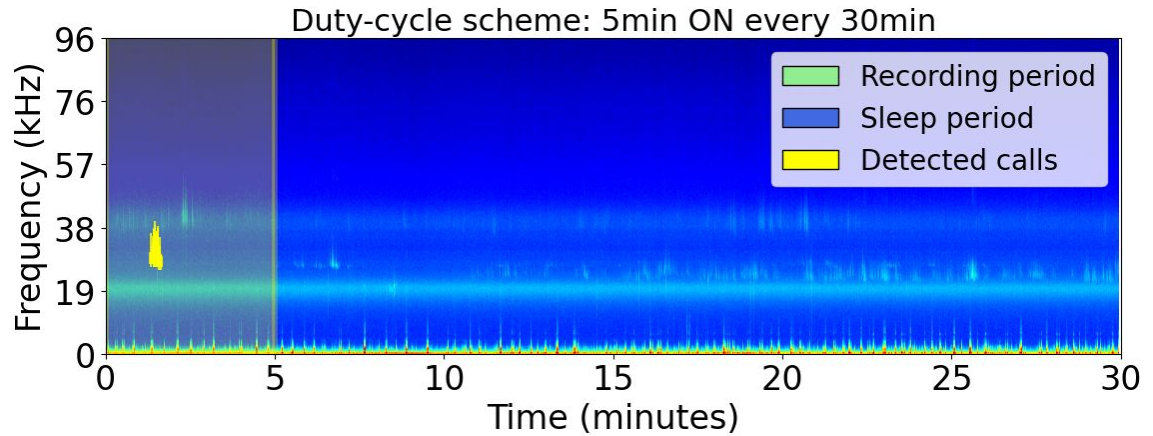
- (1) Listening ratio
- (2) Cycle length



How to subsample using duty cycles?

Parameters:

- (1) Listening ratio = $1/6$
- (2) Cycle length = 30

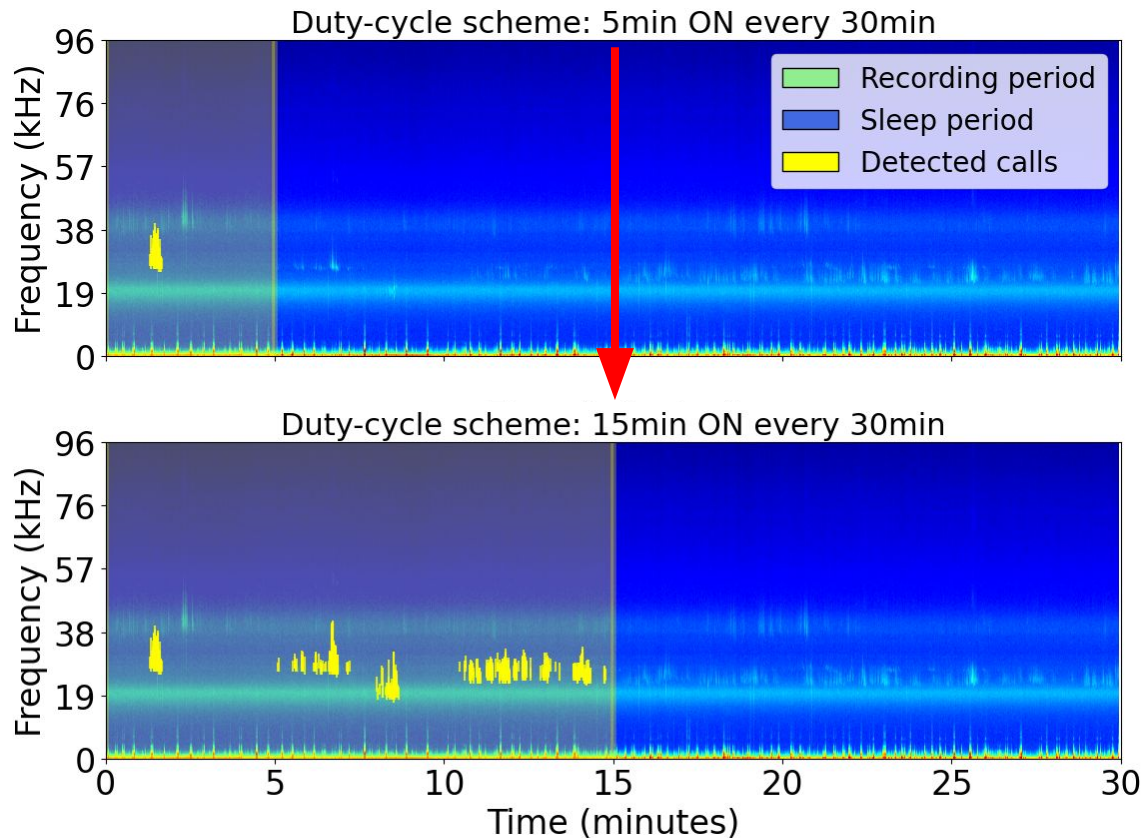


How to subsample using duty cycles?

Parameters:

- (1) Listening ratio = $1/2$
- (2) Cycle length = 30

Increasing (1) while keeping
(2) fixed: **listening more for
each cycle of data**



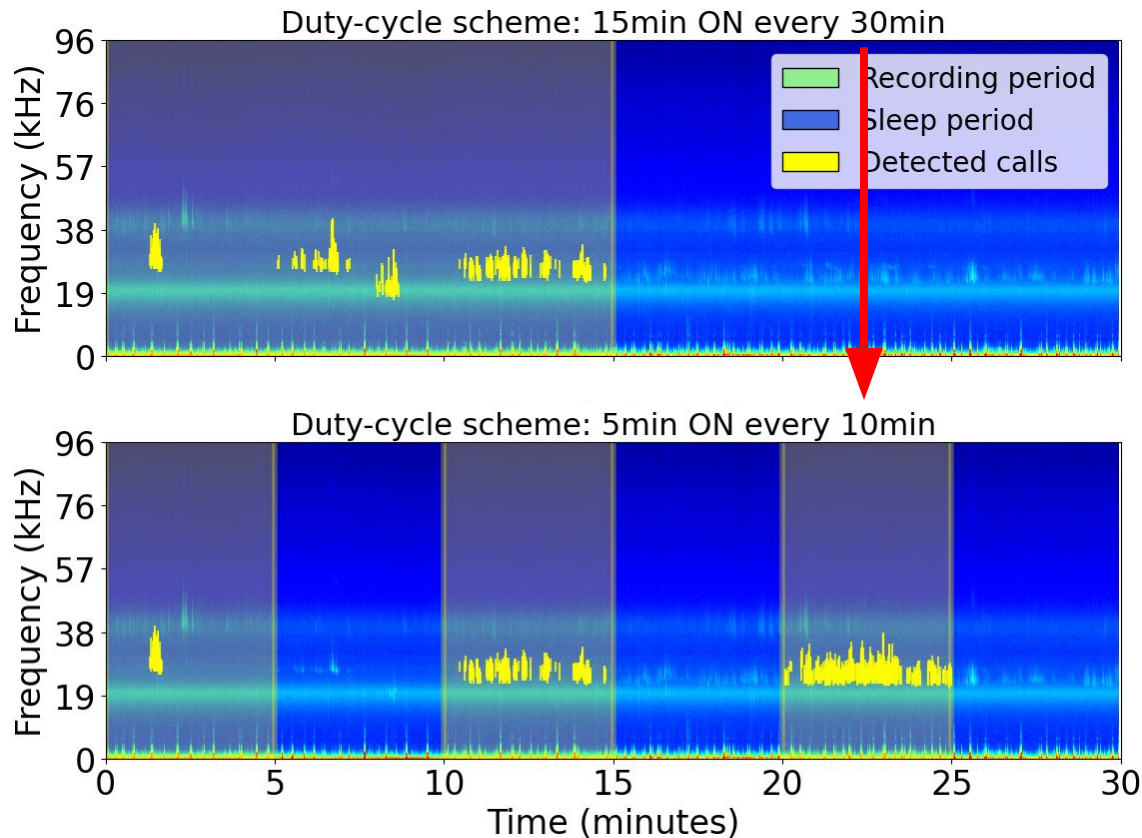
How to subsample using duty cycles?

Parameters:

- (1) Listening ratio = $1/2$
- (2) Cycle length = 10

Increasing (1) while keeping
(2) fixed: **listening more for
each cycle of data**

Decreasing (2) while keeping
(1) fixed: **reallocating
listening time across the full
data**



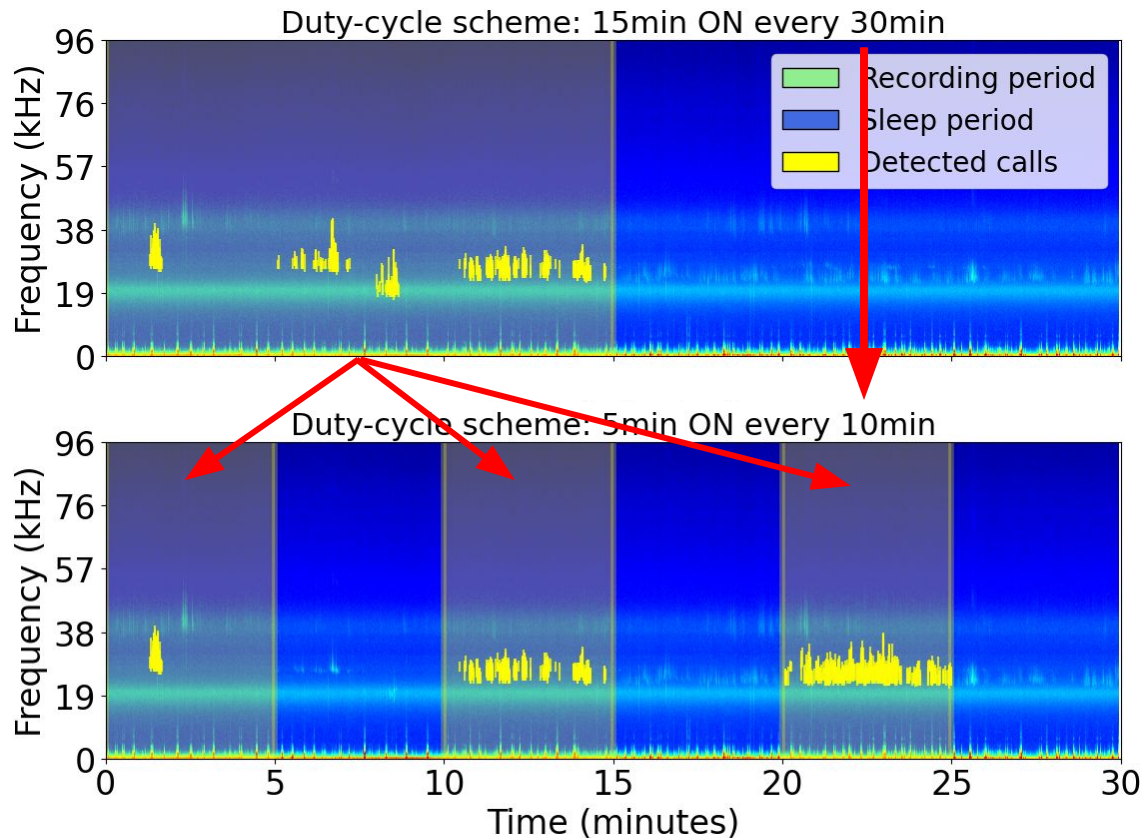
How to subsample using duty cycles?

Parameters:

- (1) Listening ratio = $1/2$
- (2) Cycle length = 10

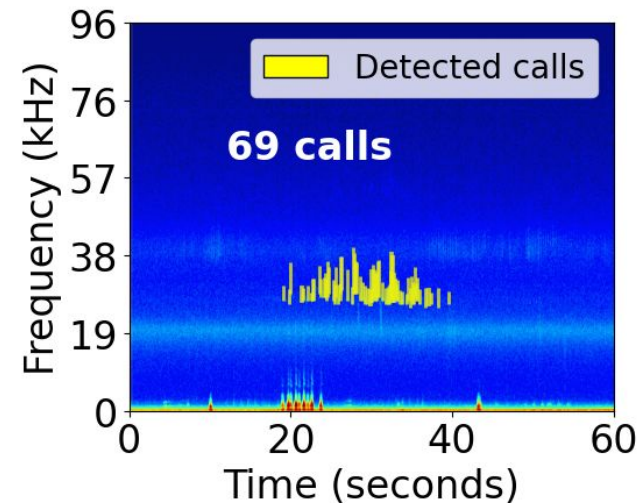
Increasing (1) while keeping
(2) fixed: **listening more for
each cycle of data**

Decreasing (2) while keeping
(1) fixed: **reallocating
listening time across the full
data**



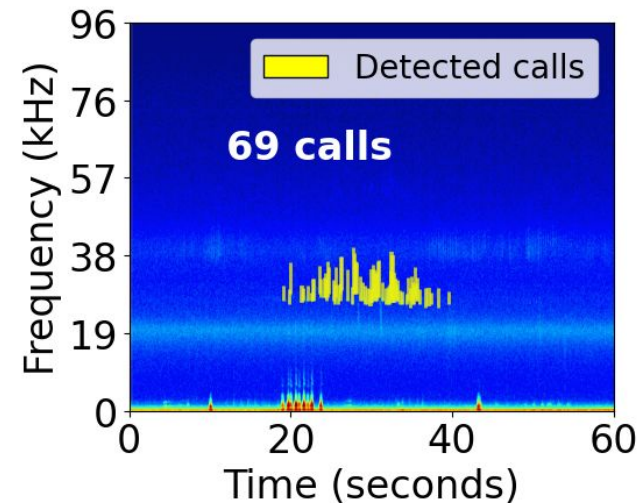
How to measure activity using bat search calls?

(1) Call rate
(calls/min)



How to measure activity using bat search calls?

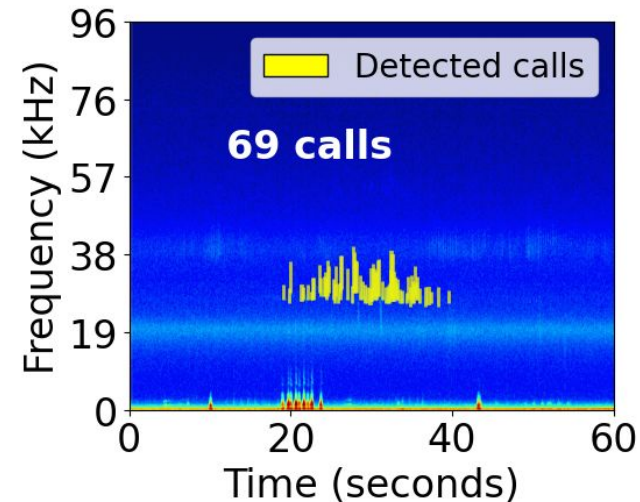
(1) Call rate
(calls/min)



69 calls/min

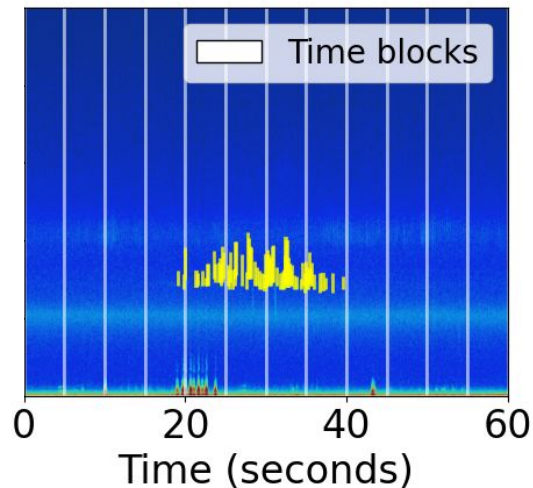
How to measure activity using bat search calls?

(1) Call rate
(calls/min)



69 calls/min

(2) Activity Index
(Miller, 2001)

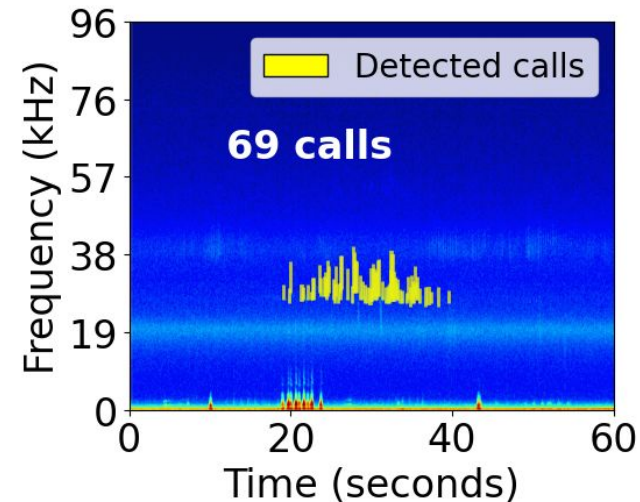


5 blocks out of 12 blocks

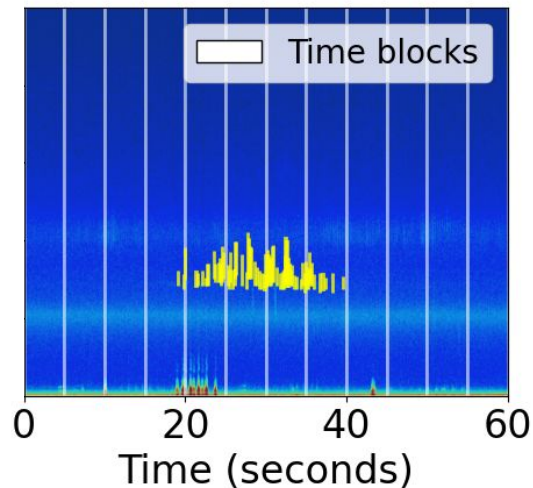
How to measure activity using bat search calls?

(1) Call rate
(calls/min)

(2) Activity Index
(Miller, 2001)



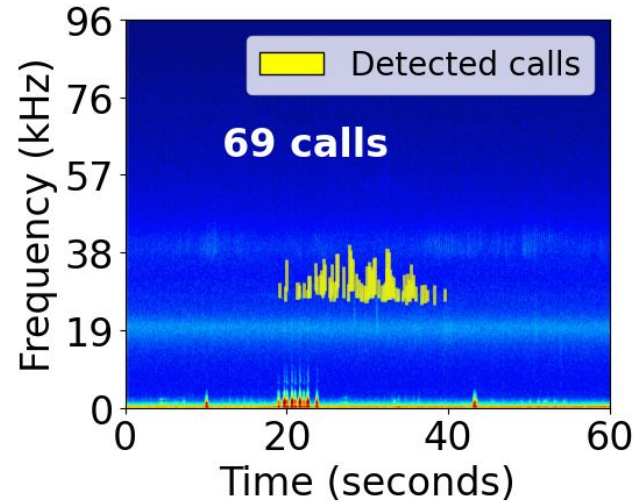
69 calls/min



41.67% AI

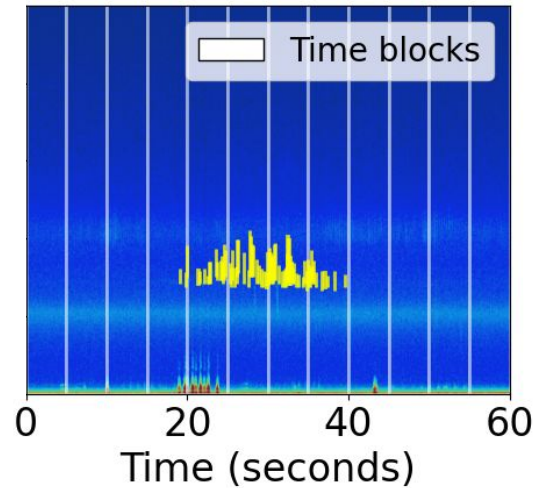
How to measure activity using bat search calls?

(1) Call rate
(calls/min)



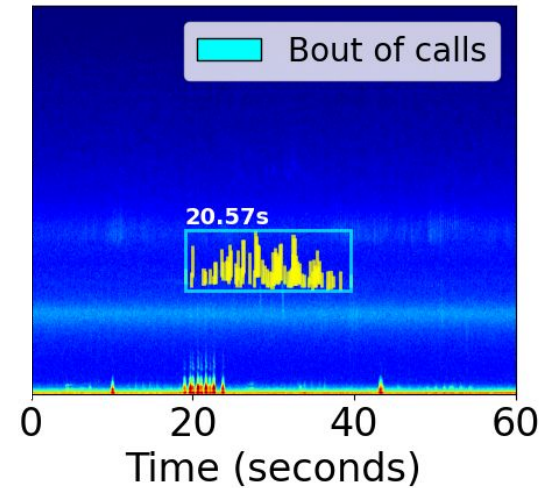
69 calls/min

(2) Activity Index
(Miller, 2001)



41.67% AI

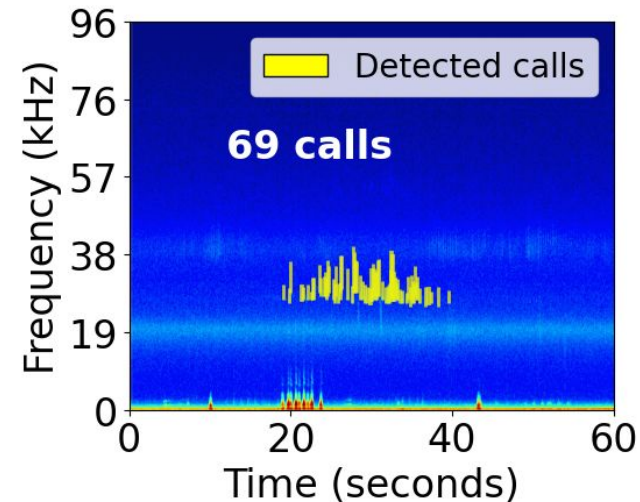
(3) Bout-Time Percentage
(Slater and Lester, 1982)



20.57s of bout in 60s

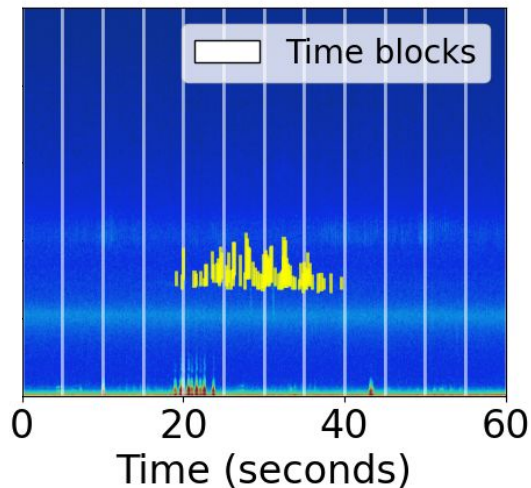
How to measure activity using bat search calls?

(1) Call rate
(calls/min)



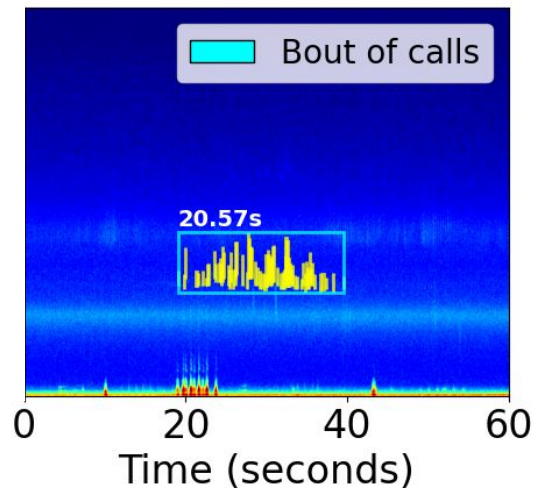
69 calls/min

(2) Activity Index
(Miller, 2001)



41.67% AI

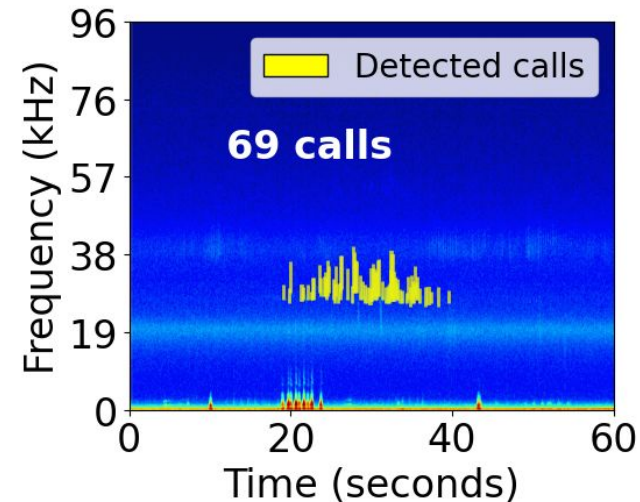
(3) Bout-Time Percentage
(Slater and Lester, 1982)



34.29% BTP

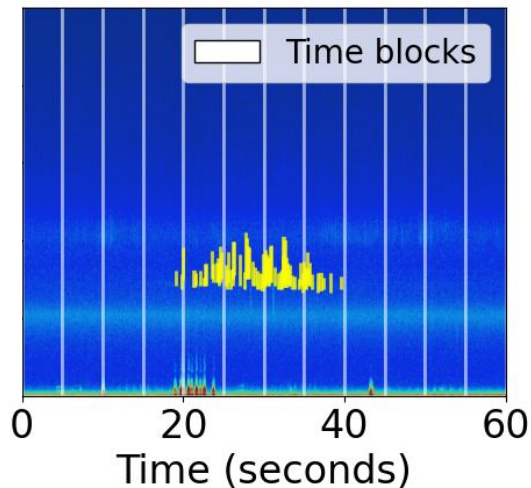
How to measure activity using bat search calls?

(1) Call rate
(calls/min)



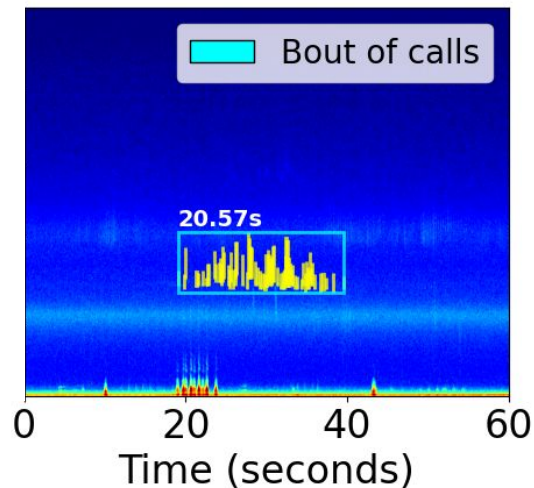
69 calls/min

(2) Activity Index
(Miller, 2001)



41.67% AI

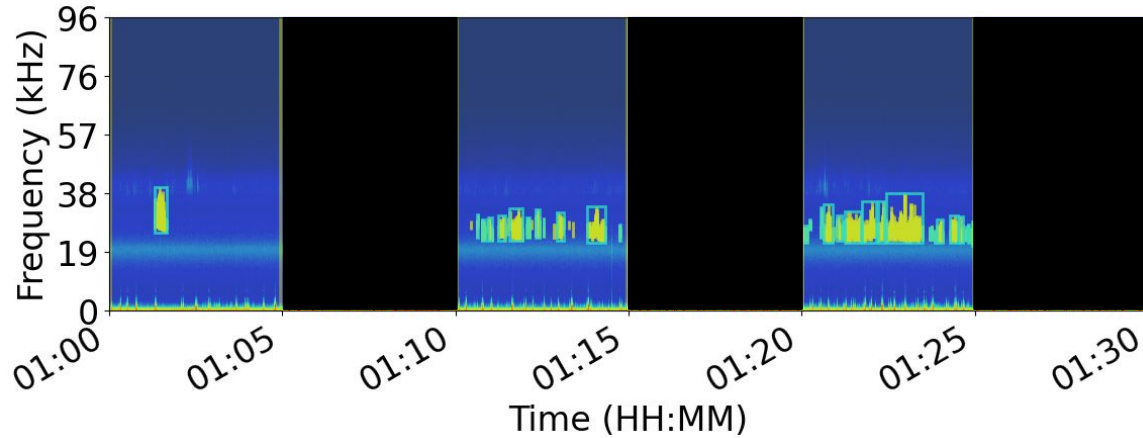
(3) Bout-Time Percentage
(Slater and Lester, 1982)



34.29% BTP

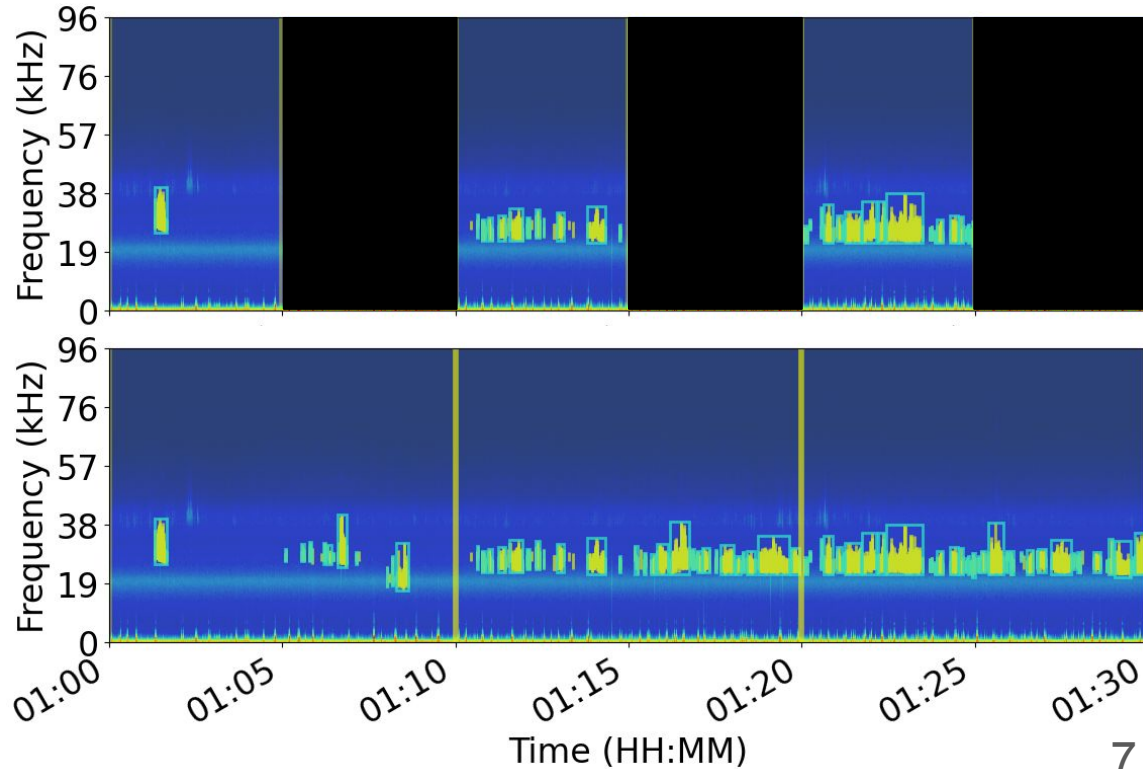
How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



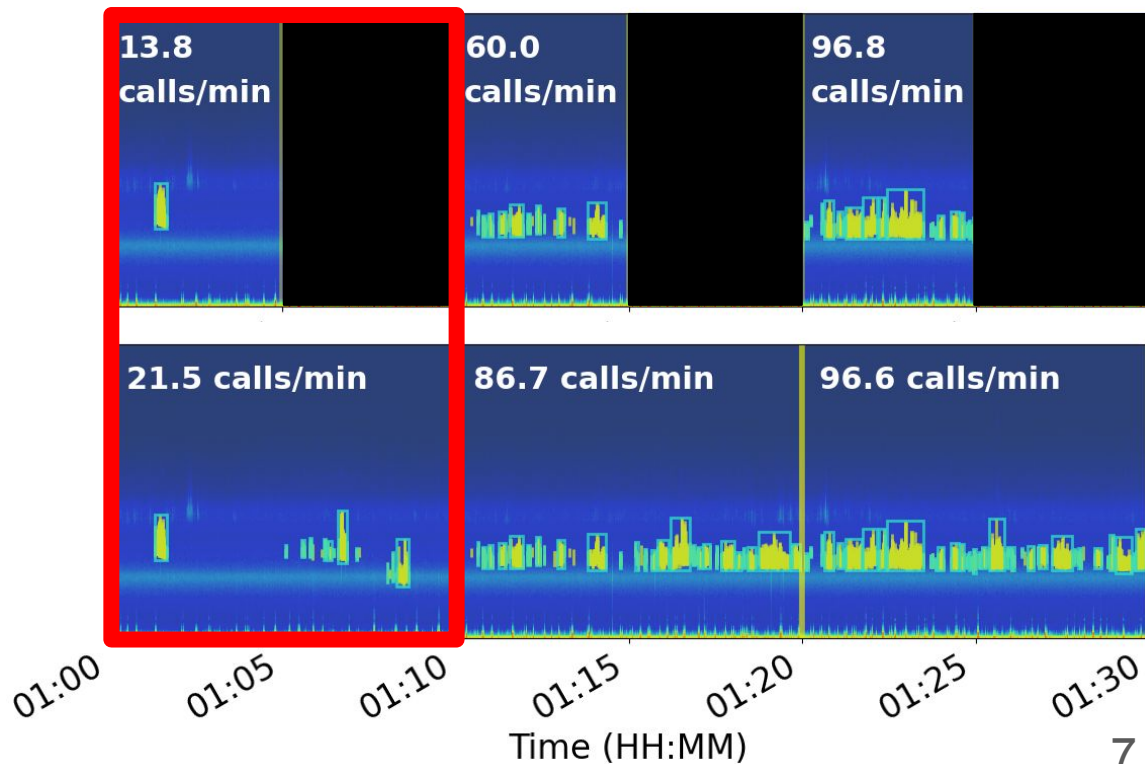
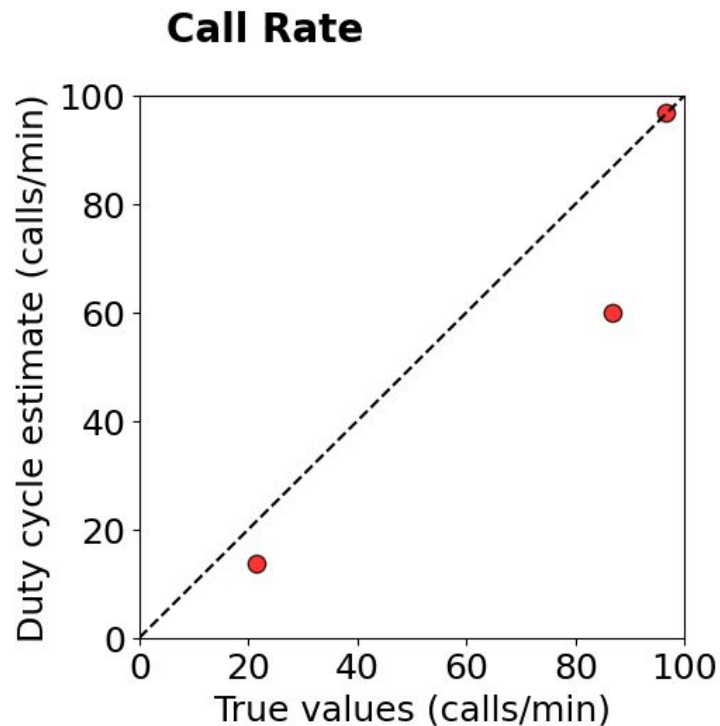
How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



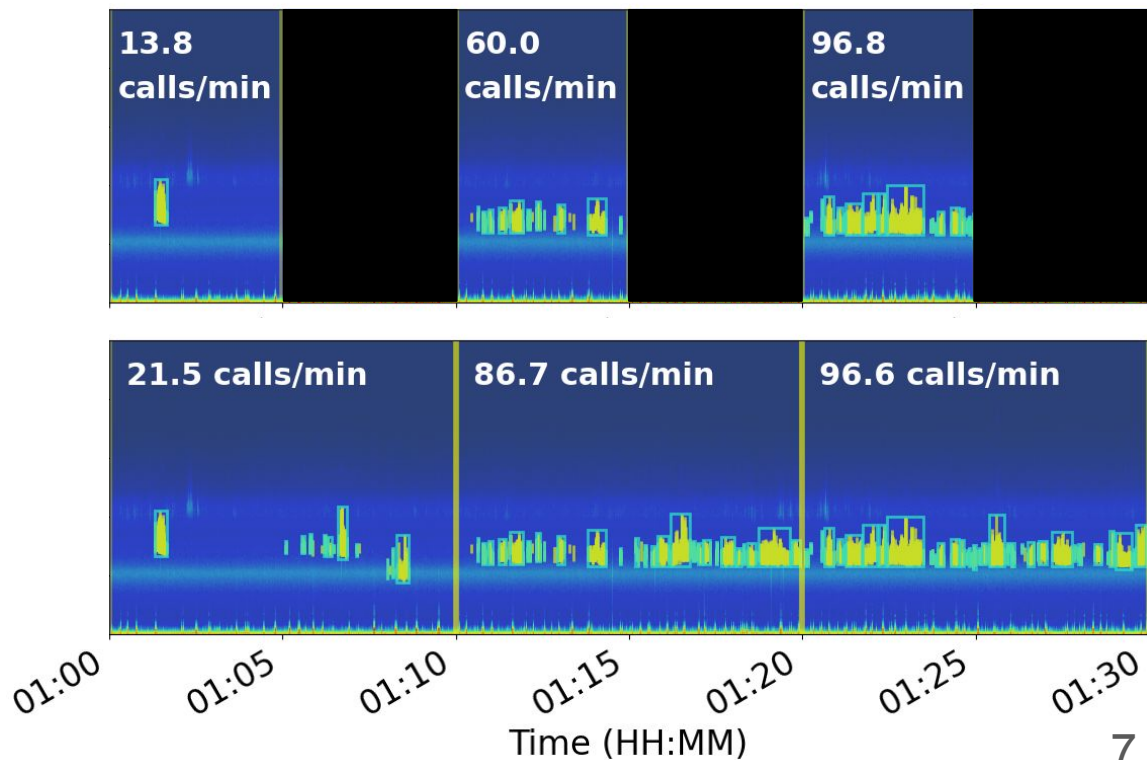
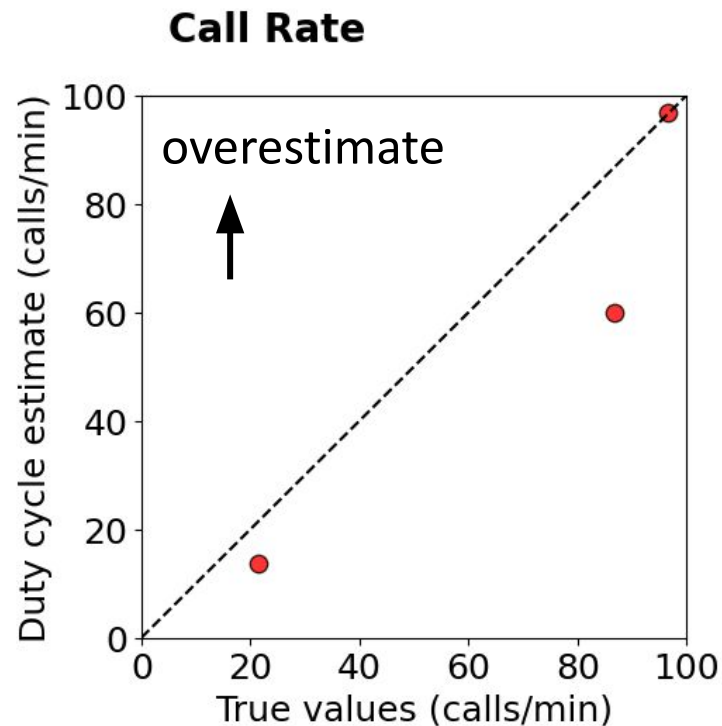
How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



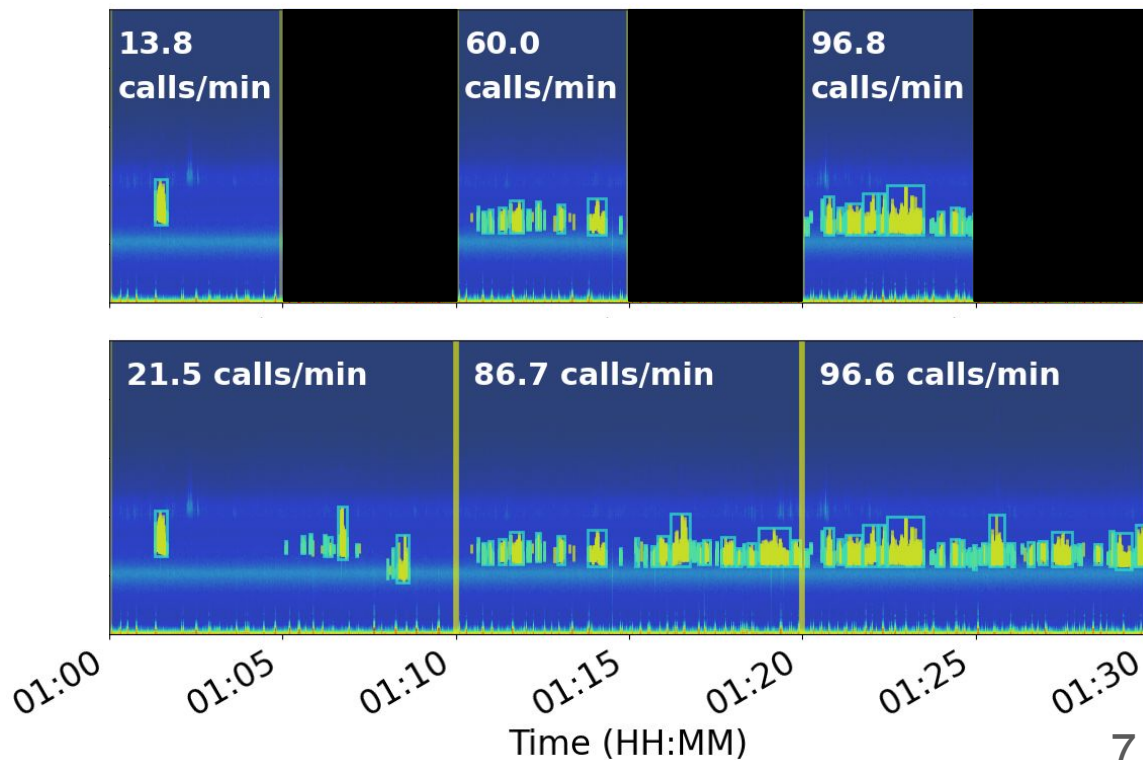
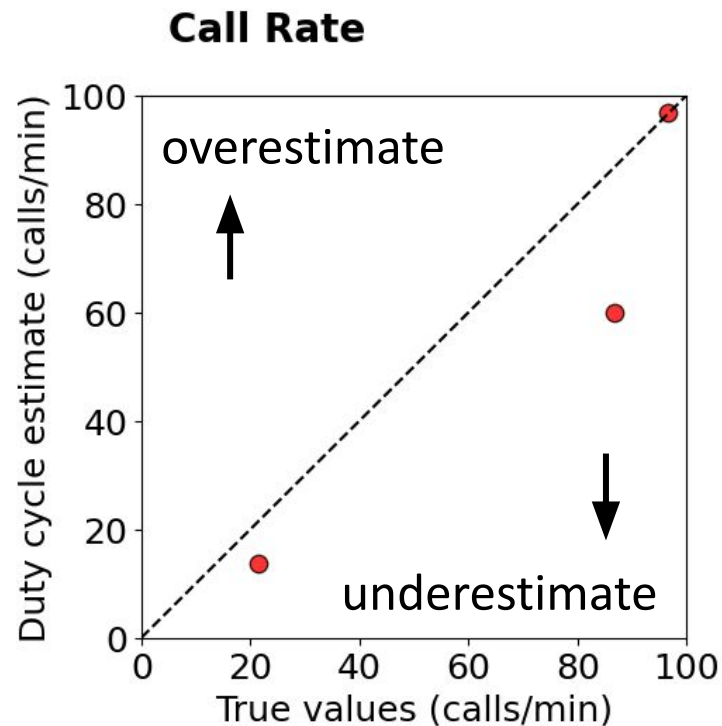
How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



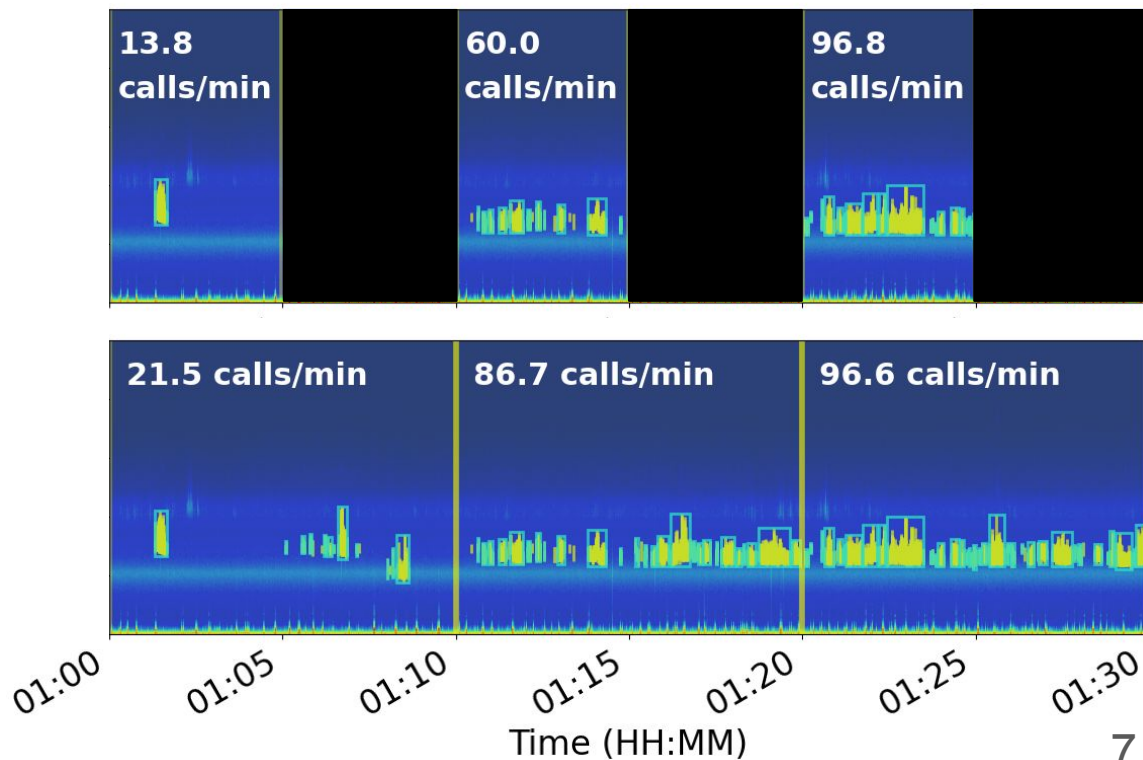
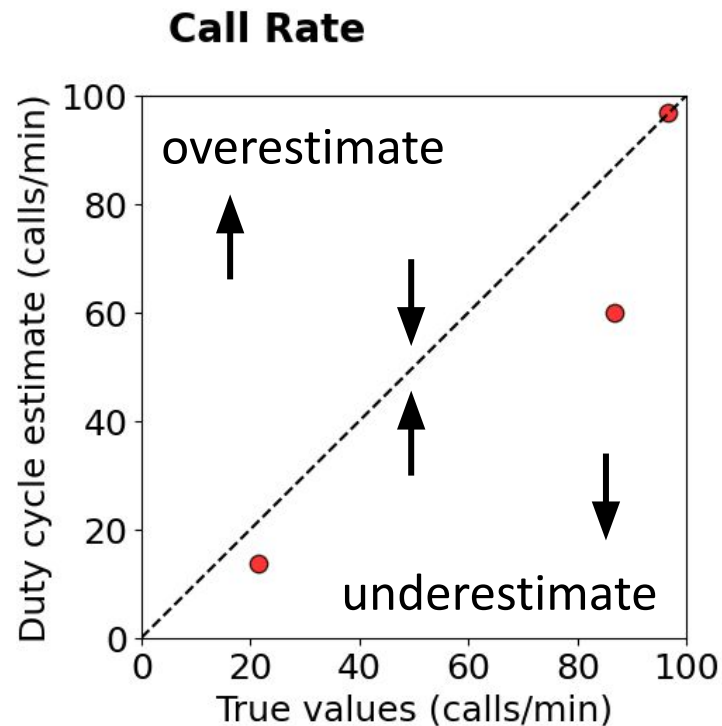
How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

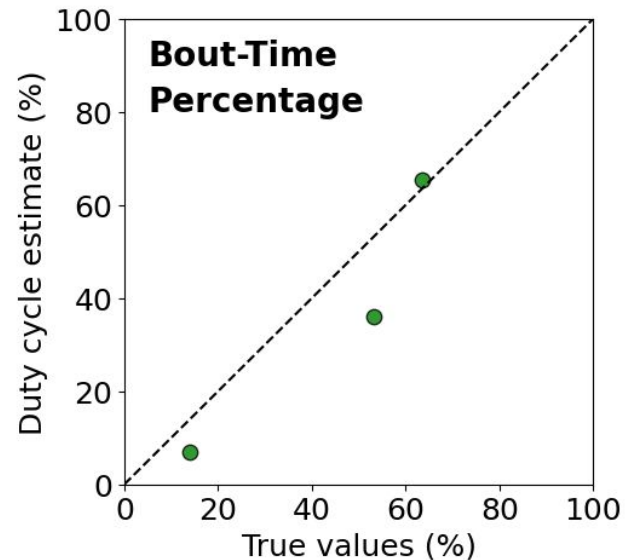
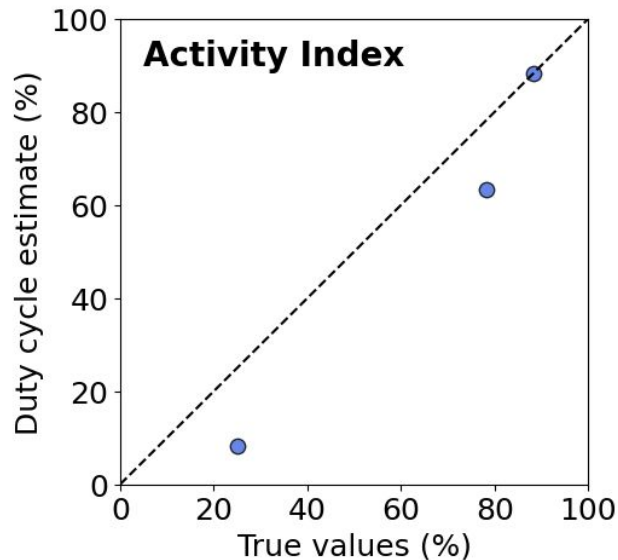
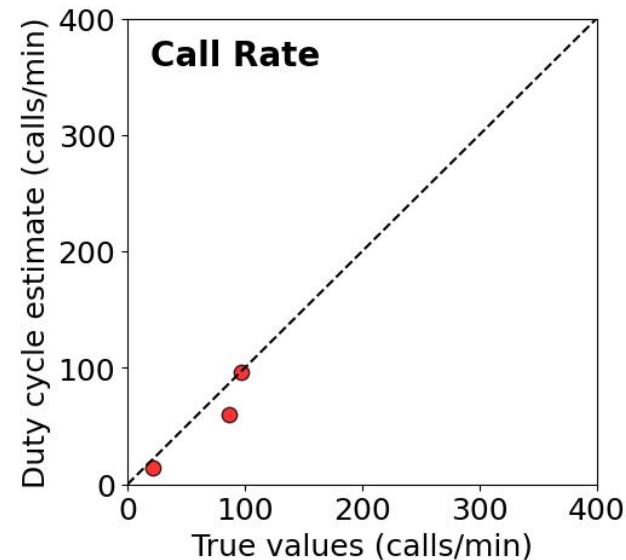
Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling

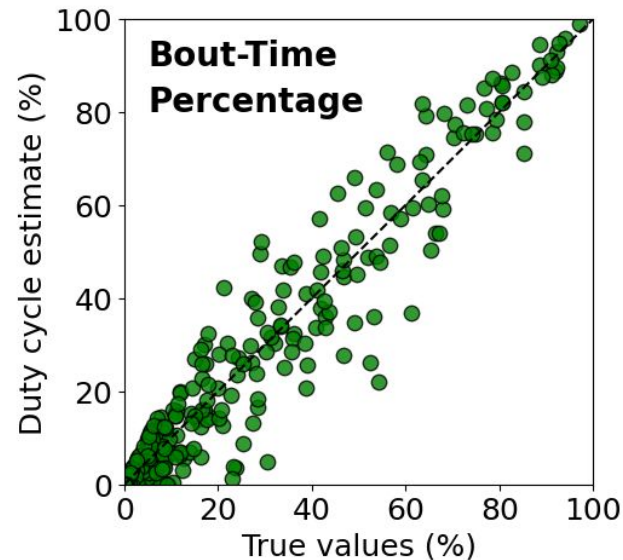
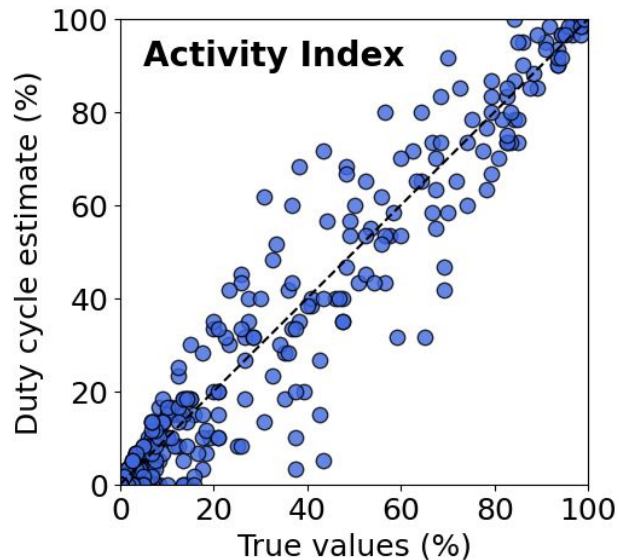
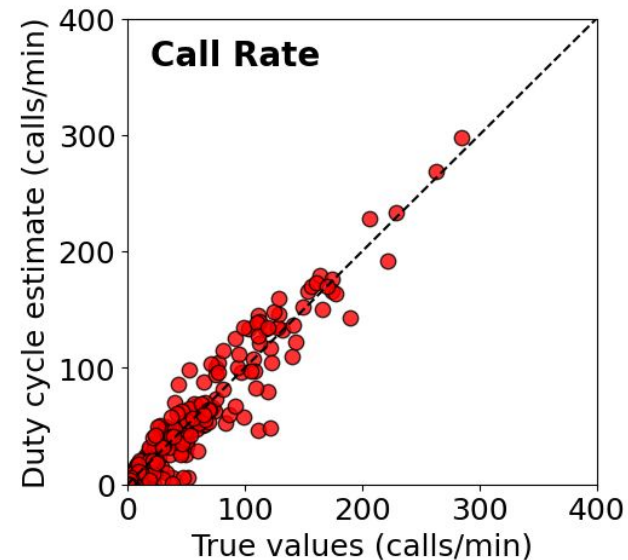
1 file



How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling

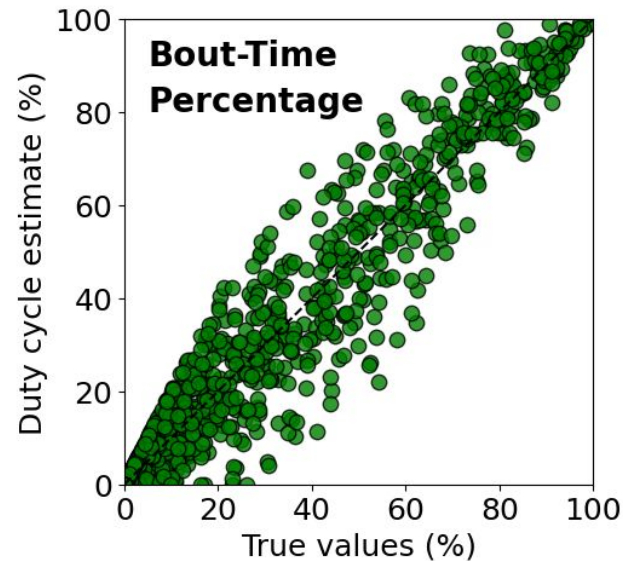
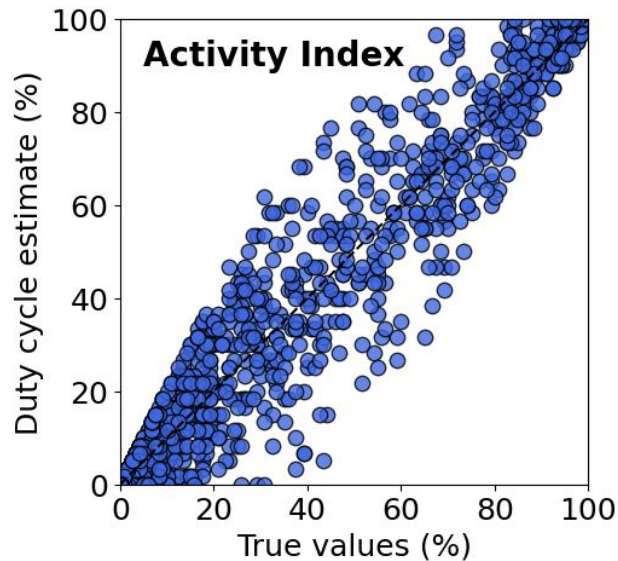
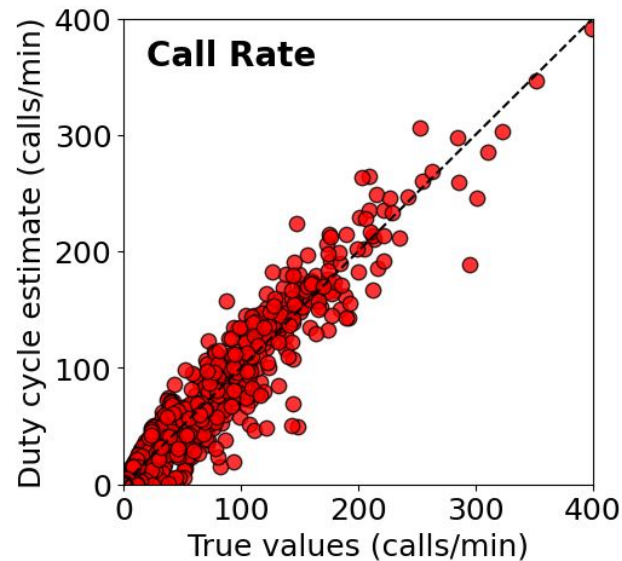
1 week



How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

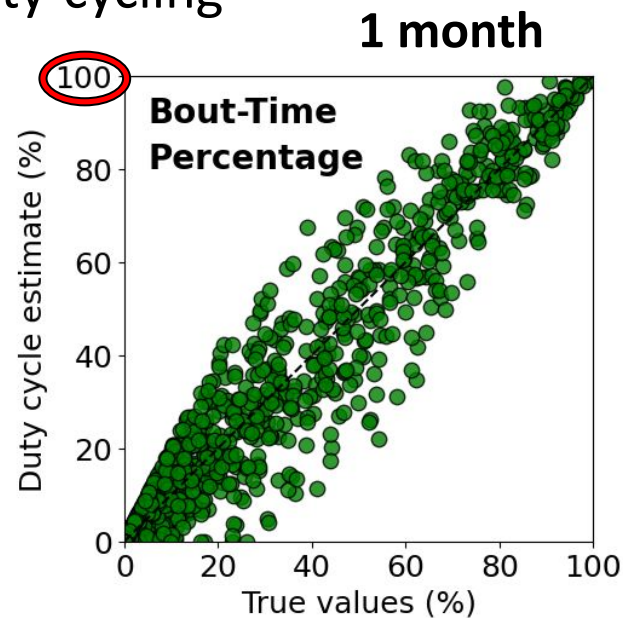
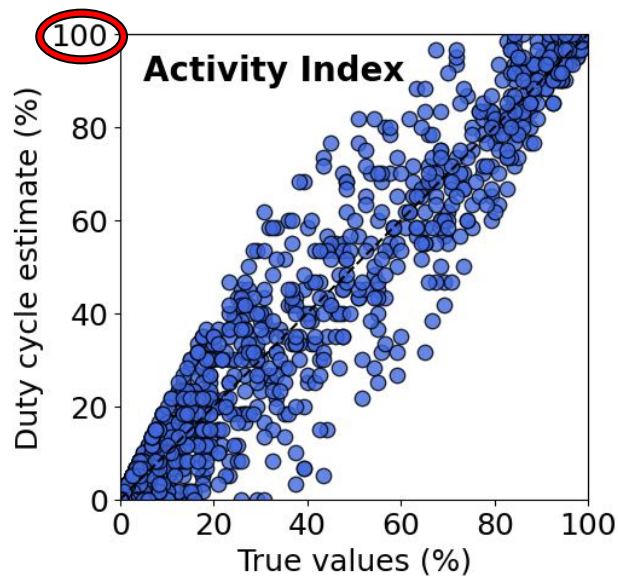
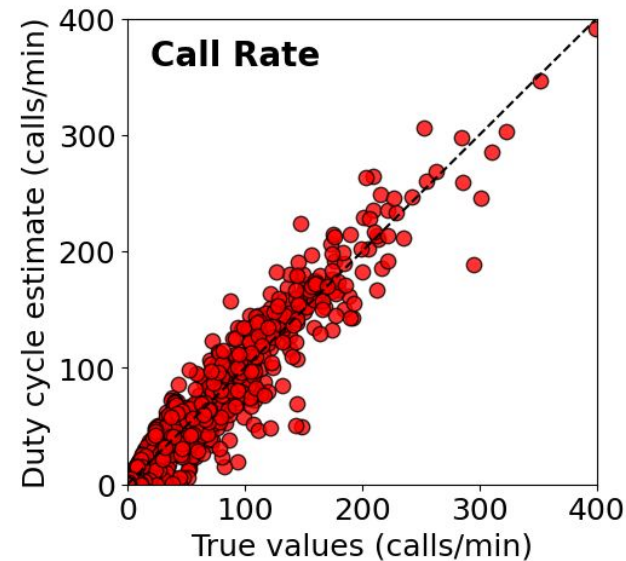
Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling

1 month



How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



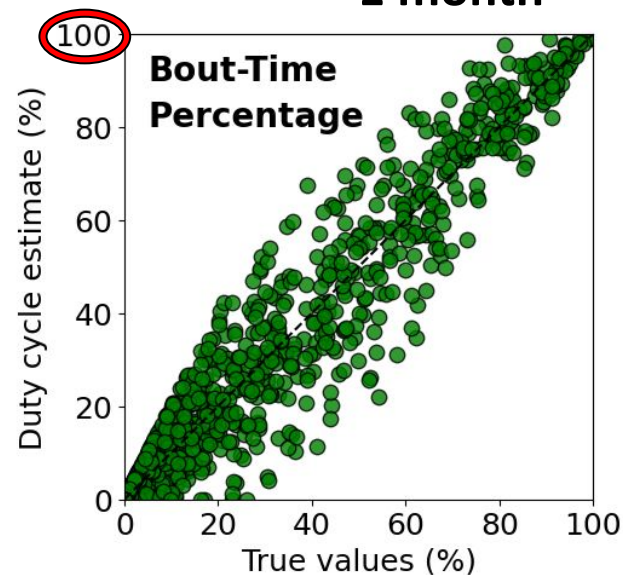
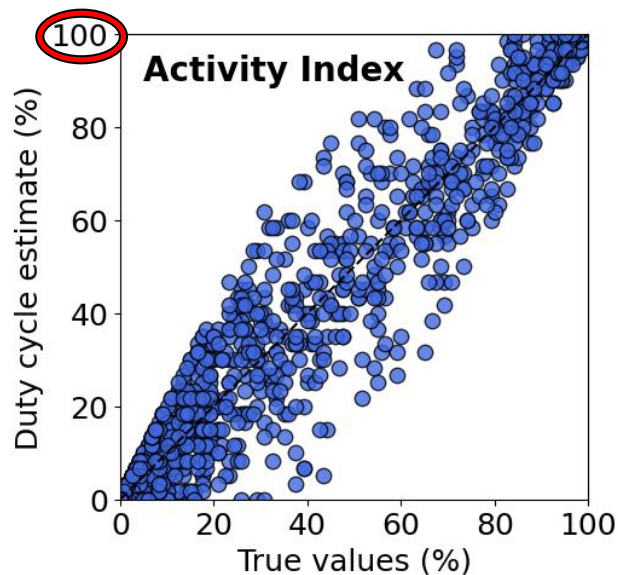
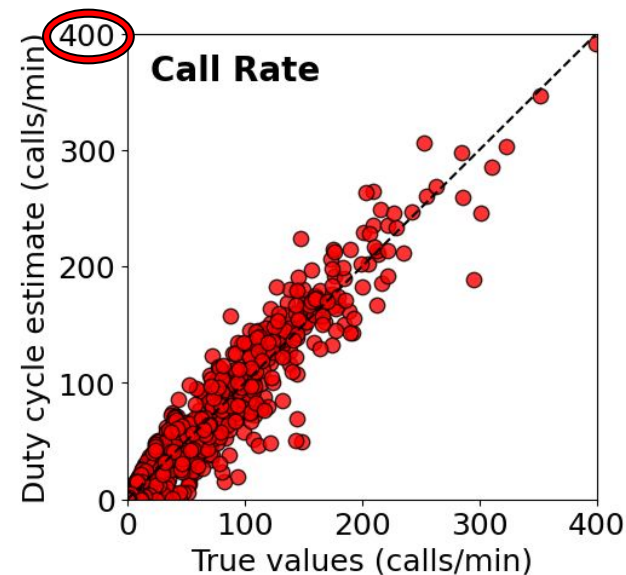
1 month

- Relative metrics

How we evaluated the effects of duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling

1 month

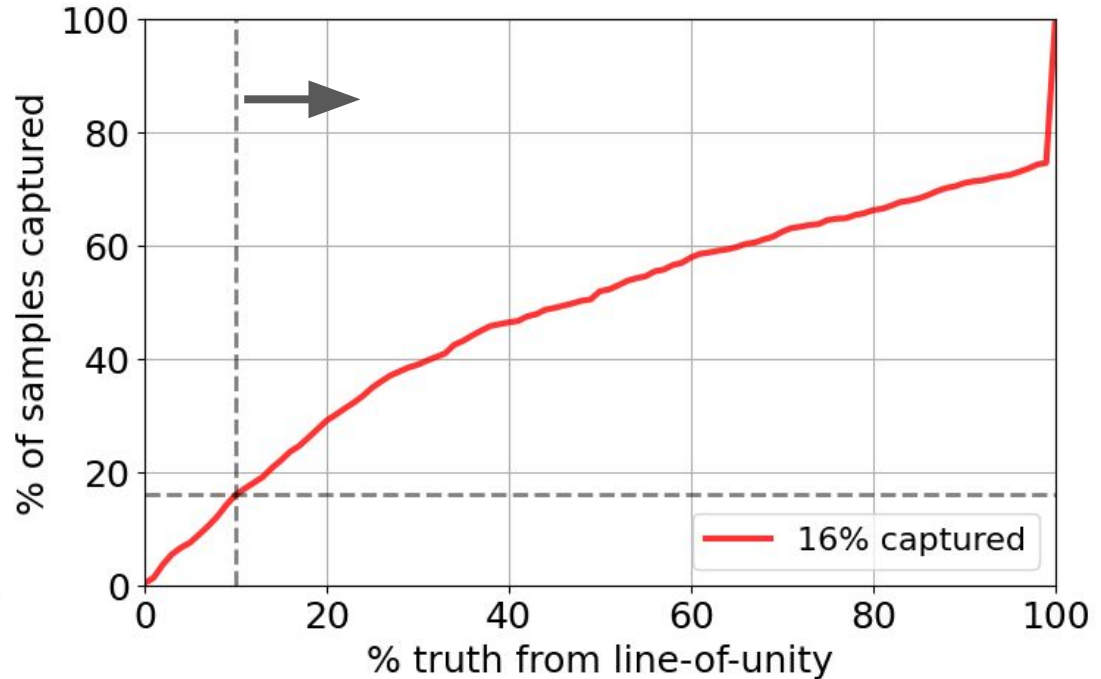
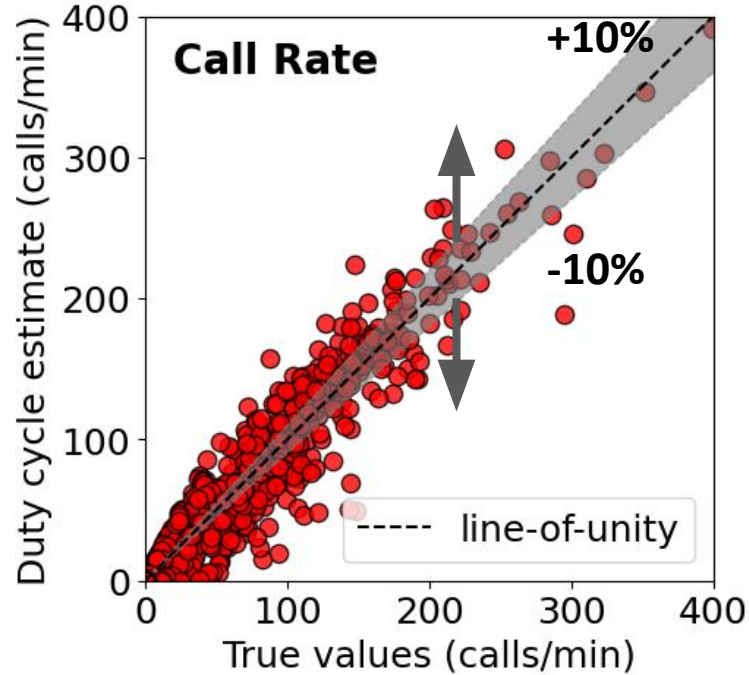


- Absolute metric

- Relative metrics

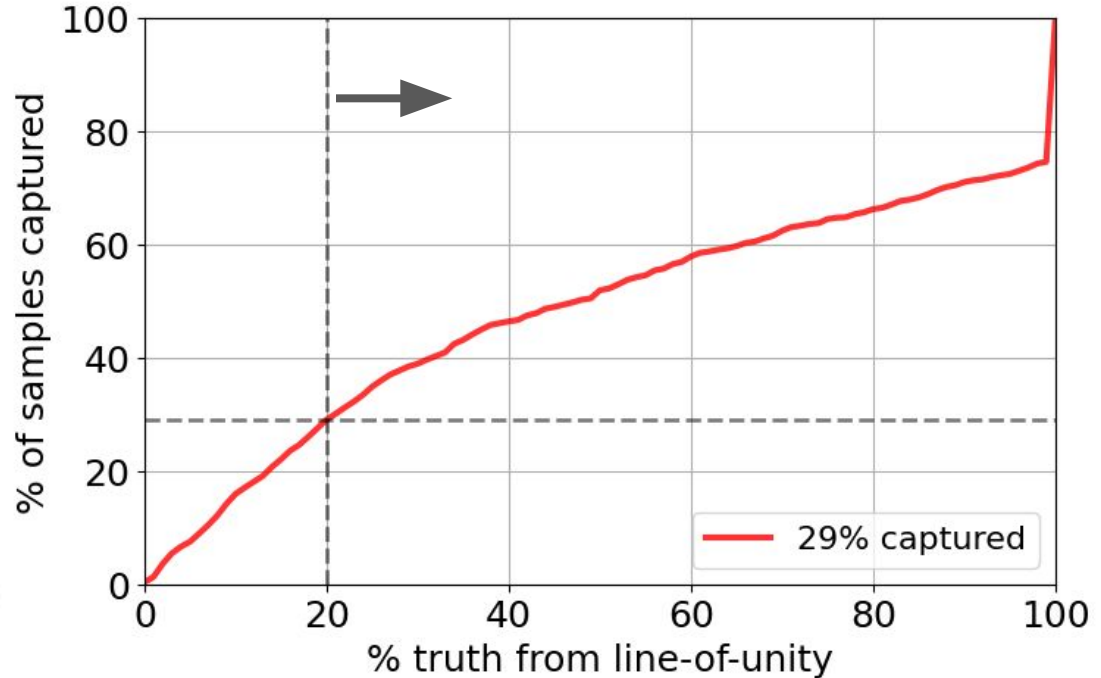
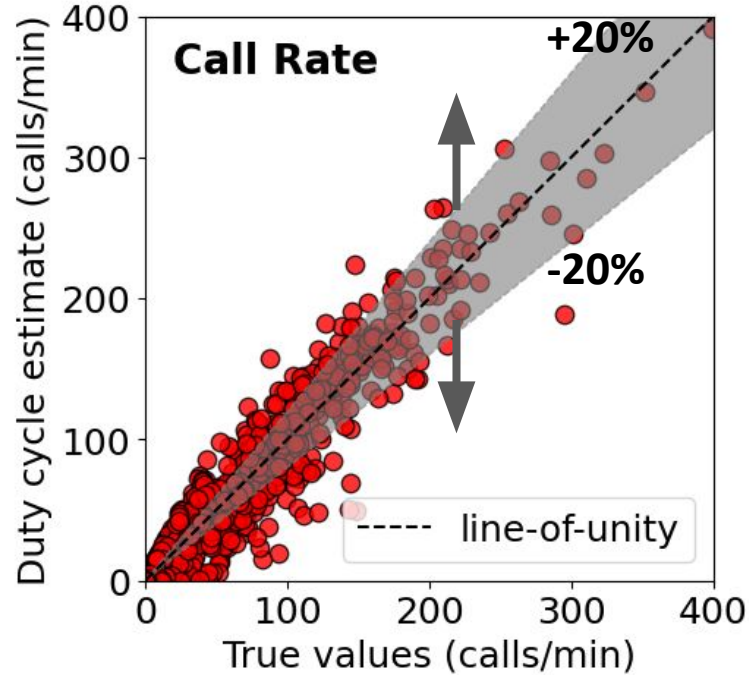
Summarizing the estimation from duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



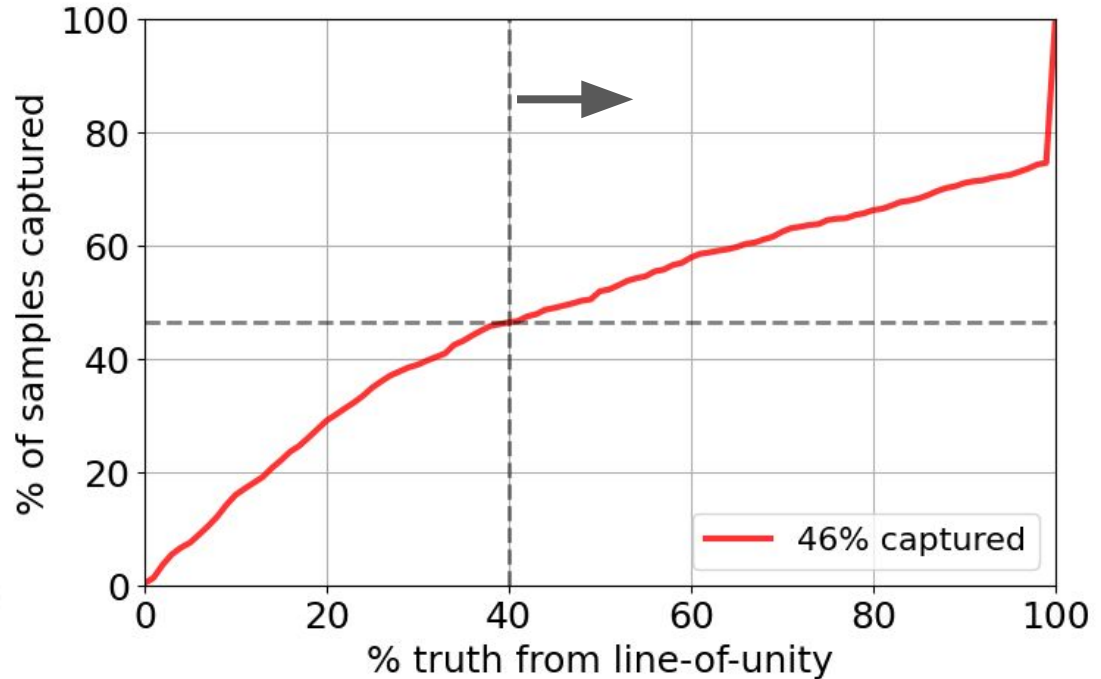
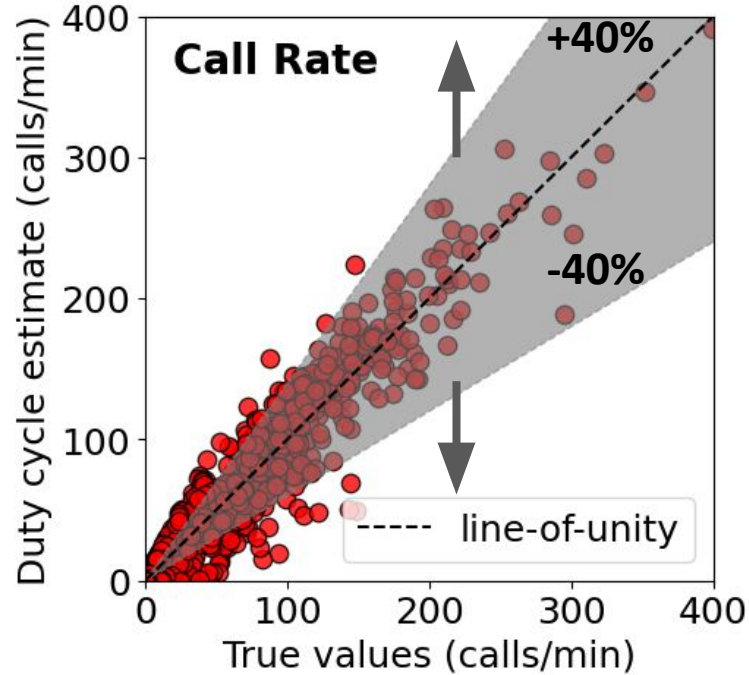
Summarizing the estimation from duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



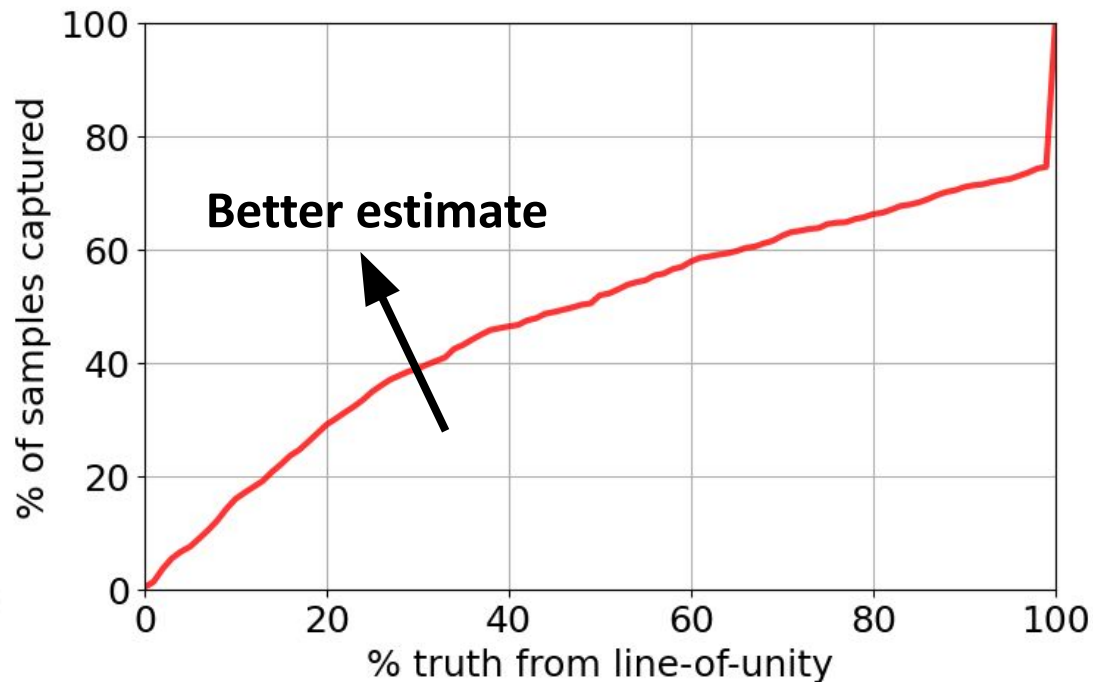
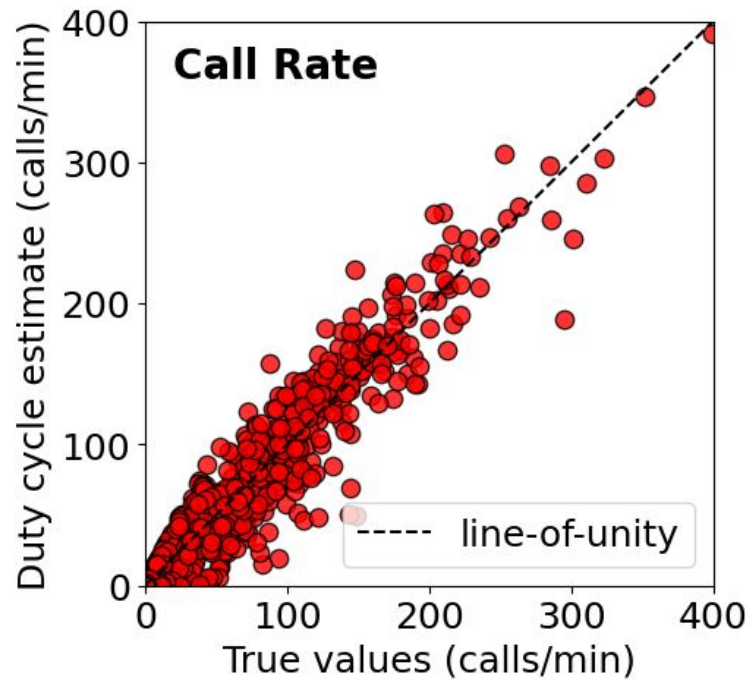
Summarizing the estimation from duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



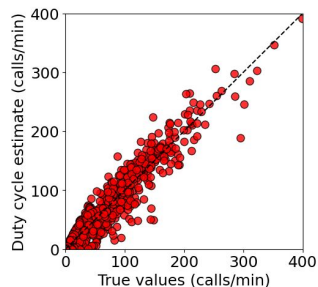
Summarizing the estimation from duty-cycling

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling

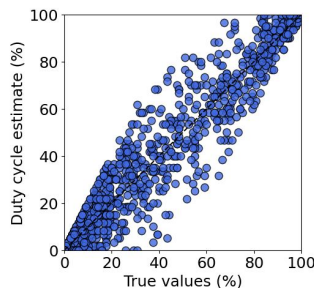


How each metric responds to duty-cycling

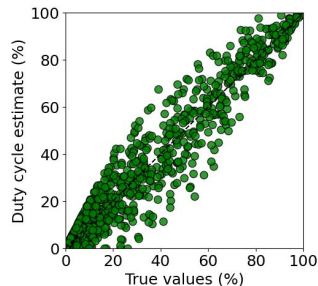
Call Rate



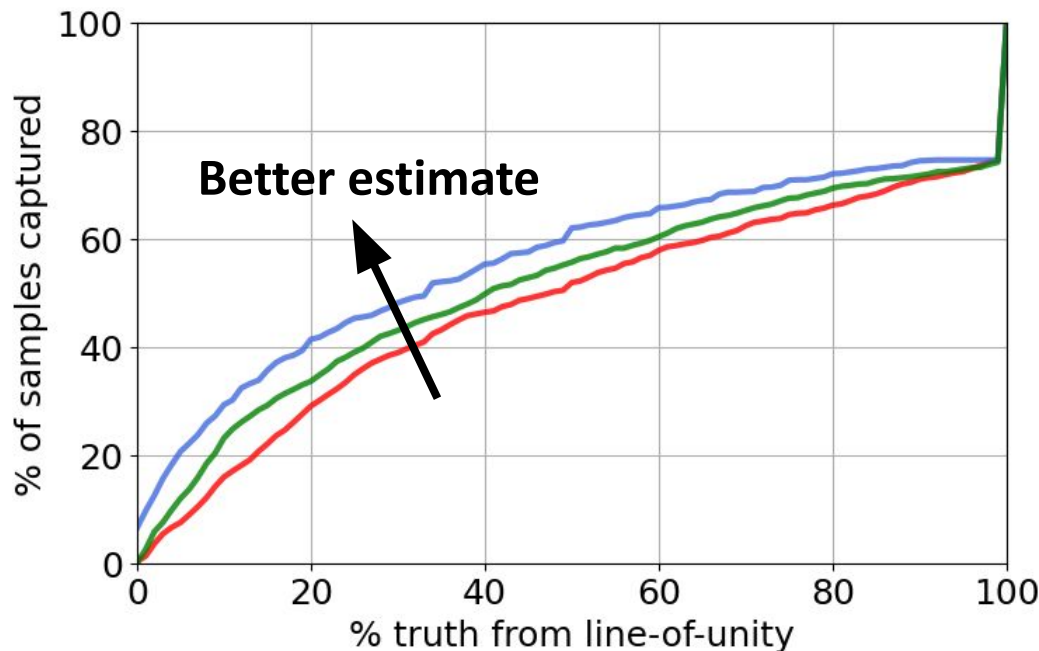
Activity Index



Bout-Time Percentage



Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



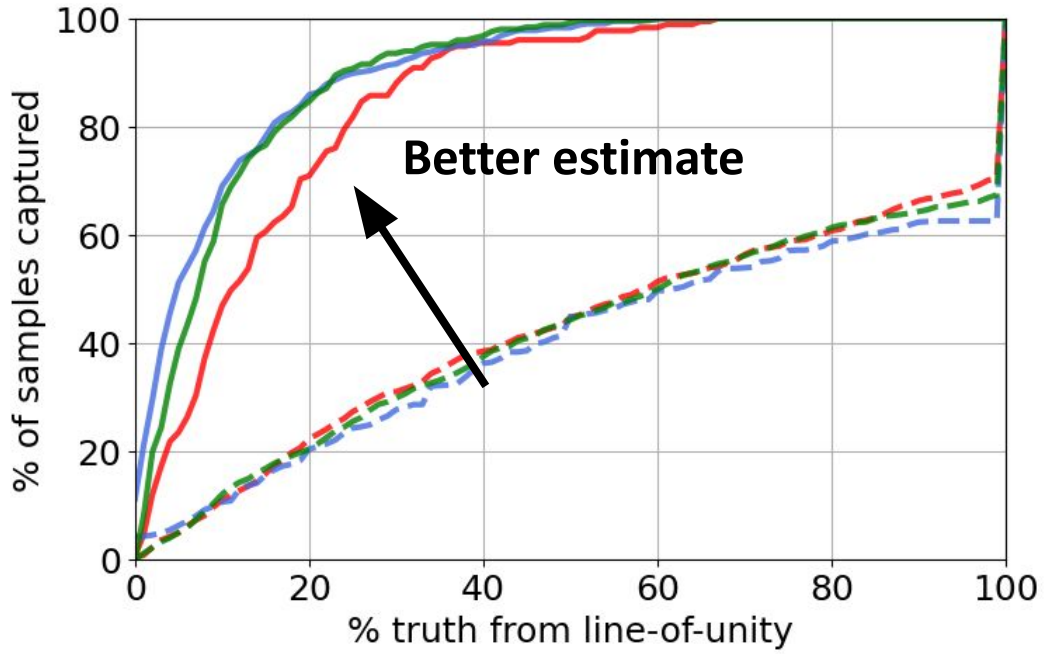
Activity Index and Bout-Time Percentage are more robust to duty-cycling

Estimates are closer to truth when activity is high

Activity threshold:
50% AI/BTP or 100 calls/min

	Activity	
	High	Low
Call Rate	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div>
Activity Index	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div>
Bout-Time Percentage	<div><div></div></div>	<div><div></div></div>

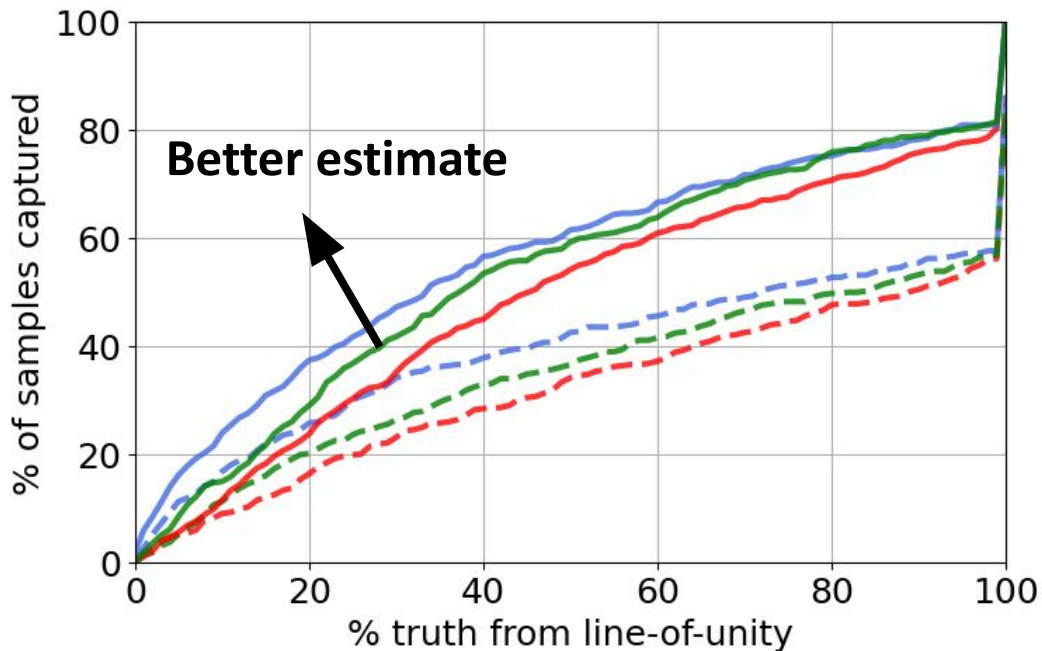
Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



Increasing listening ratio with fixed cycle length improves activity estimates

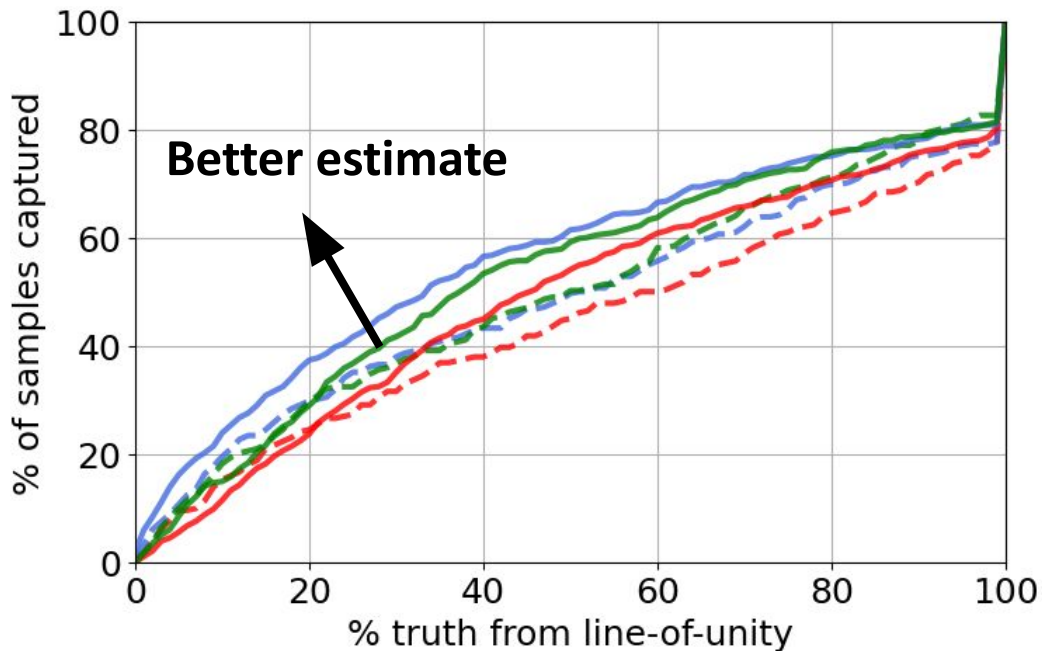
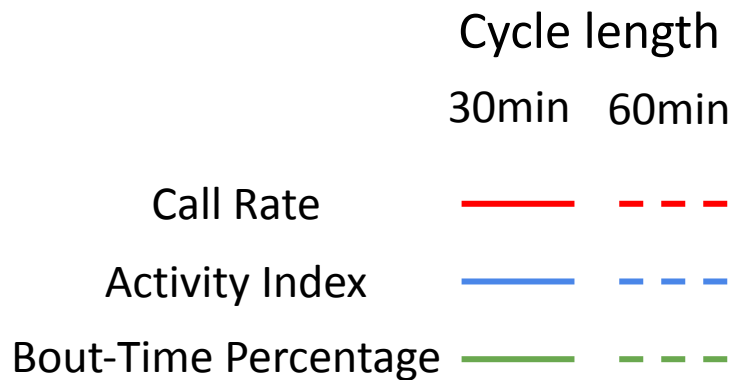
Fixed cycle length of 30 min

	Listening	
	15min	5min
Call Rate	—	- - -
Activity Index	—	- - -
Bout-Time Percentage	—	- - -



Decreasing cycle length with fixed listening ratio improves activity estimates

Fixed listening ratio of $\frac{1}{2}$



General guidelines

1. Activity Index and Bout-Time Percentage are robust and informative
2. Duty-cycling when activity is high is safer than when activity is low
3. Keeping listening ratio high when duty-cycling
4. Keeping cycle length low when duty-cycling

General guidelines

1. Activity Index and Bout-Time Percentage are robust and informative
2. Duty-cycling when activity is high is safer than when activity is low
3. Keeping listening ratio high when duty-cycling
4. Keeping cycle length low when duty-cycling

Our duty-cycle choice:

5 minutes ON every 10 minutes

General guidelines

1. Activity Index and Bout-Time Percentage are robust and informative
2. Duty-cycling when activity is high is safer than when activity is low
3. Keeping listening ratio high when duty-cycling
4. Keeping cycle length low when duty-cycling

Our duty-cycle choice:

5 minutes ON every 10 minutes

- Any lower than 10 and we increase power consumption due to ON/OFF

General guidelines

1. Activity Index and Bout-Time Percentage are robust and informative
2. Duty-cycling when activity is high is safer than when activity is low
3. Keeping listening ratio high when duty-cycling
4. Keeping cycle length low when duty-cycling

Our duty-cycle choice:

5 minutes ON every 10 minutes

- Any lower than 10 and we increase power consumption due to ON/OFF
- Any higher than $\frac{1}{2}$ and we lose benefits of duty-cycling

General guidelines

1. Activity Index and Bout-Time Percentage are robust and informative
2. Duty-cycling when activity is high is safer than when activity is low
3. Keeping listening ratio high when duty-cycling
4. Keeping cycle length low when duty-cycling

Our duty-cycle choice:

5 minutes ON every 10 minutes

- Any lower than 10 and we increase power consumption due to ON/OFF
- Any higher than $\frac{1}{2}$ and we lose benefits of duty-cycling

This expanded Audiomoth deployment length from 3 days to 1 week!

General guidelines

1. Activity Index and Bout-Time Percentage are robust and informative
2. Duty-cycling when activity is high is safer than when activity is low
3. Keeping listening ratio high when duty-cycling
4. Keeping cycle length low when duty-cycling

Our duty-cycle choice:

5 minutes ON every 10 minutes

- Any lower than 10 and we increase power consumption due to ON/OFF
- Any higher than $\frac{1}{2}$ and we lose benefits of duty-cycling

This expanded Audiomoth deployment length from 3 days to 1 week!

and reduced detector processing time by factor of 2!

Summary and Ongoing Work

Summary

- Continuous 24/7 recording enabled systematic investigation of duty cycle-based subsampling

Ongoing Work

Summary and Ongoing Work

Summary

- Continuous 24/7 recording enabled systematic investigation of duty cycle-based subsampling
- Identified 2 informative metrics for measuring activity

Ongoing Work

Summary and Ongoing Work

Summary

- Continuous 24/7 recording enabled systematic investigation of duty cycle-based subsampling
- Identified 2 informative metrics for measuring activity
- Found useful guidelines for duty-cycling to minimize information loss

Ongoing Work

Summary and Ongoing Work

Summary

- Continuous 24/7 recording enabled systematic investigation of duty cycle-based subsampling
- Identified 2 informative metrics for measuring activity
- Found useful guidelines for duty-cycling to minimize information loss

Ongoing Work

- Looking into species-specific duty-cycling

Summary and Ongoing Work

Summary

- Continuous 24/7 recording enabled systematic investigation of duty cycle-based subsampling
- Identified 2 informative metrics for measuring activity
- Found useful guidelines for duty-cycling to minimize information loss

Ongoing Work

- Looking into species-specific duty-cycling
- Studying how detector performance influences activity measurements

Acknowledgements



Applied Physics Laboratory
UNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON

Email: adkris@uw.edu

W ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER
ENGINEERING
UNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON

Mentor:



**Wu-Jung
Lee**



**Josie
Sachen**



**YeonJoon
Cheong**



**Caesar
Tuguinay**



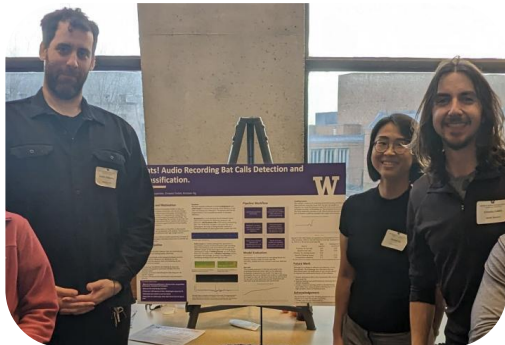
Mollie Ball



**Liuyixin
Shao**



**Varun
Krishnakumar**



Automated call detection

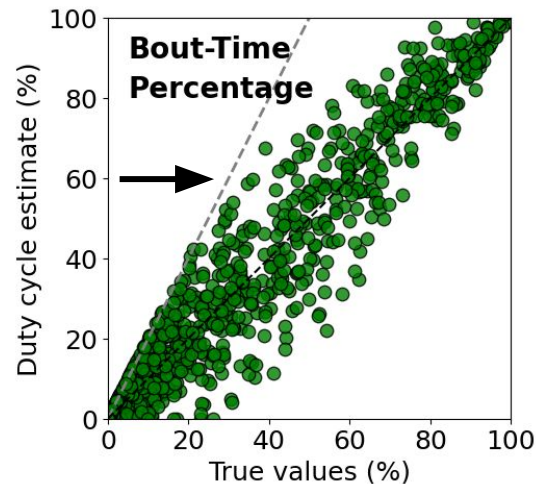
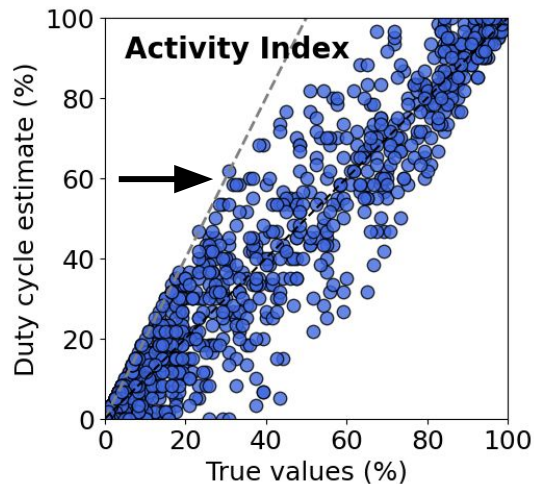
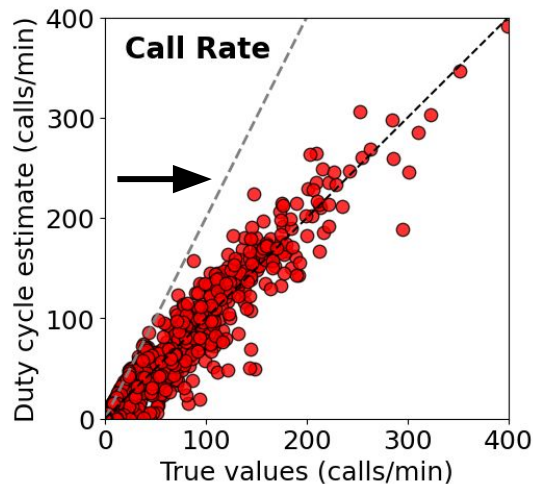
- **Corbin Charpentier**
- **Kirsteen Ng**
- **Ernesto Cediel**

**MARY GATES ENDOWMENT
FOR STUDENTS**

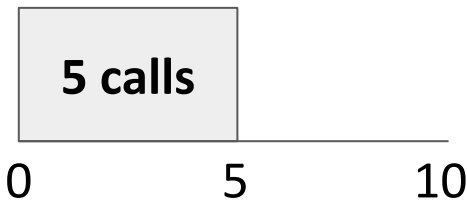


Defining traits for each metric using duty-cycles

Evaluating 5 min ON every 10 min duty-cycling



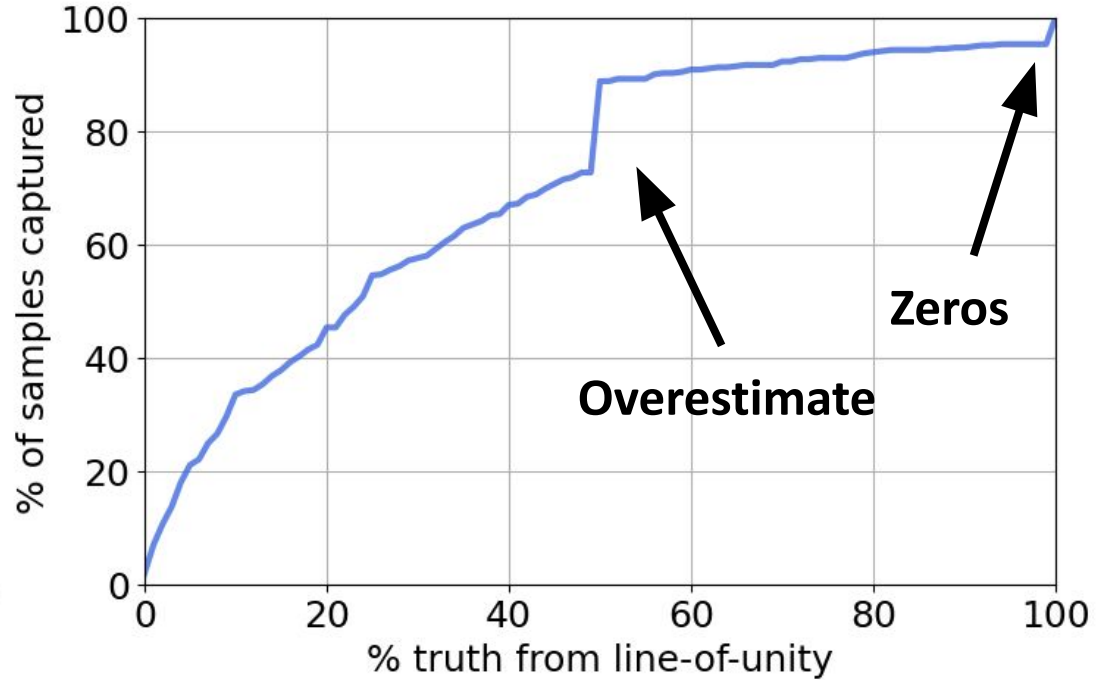
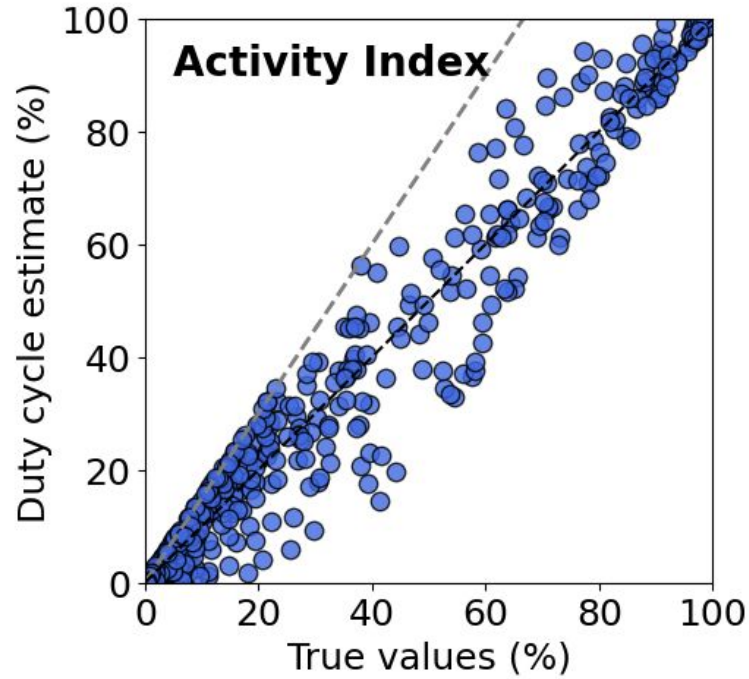
- Overestimate bound



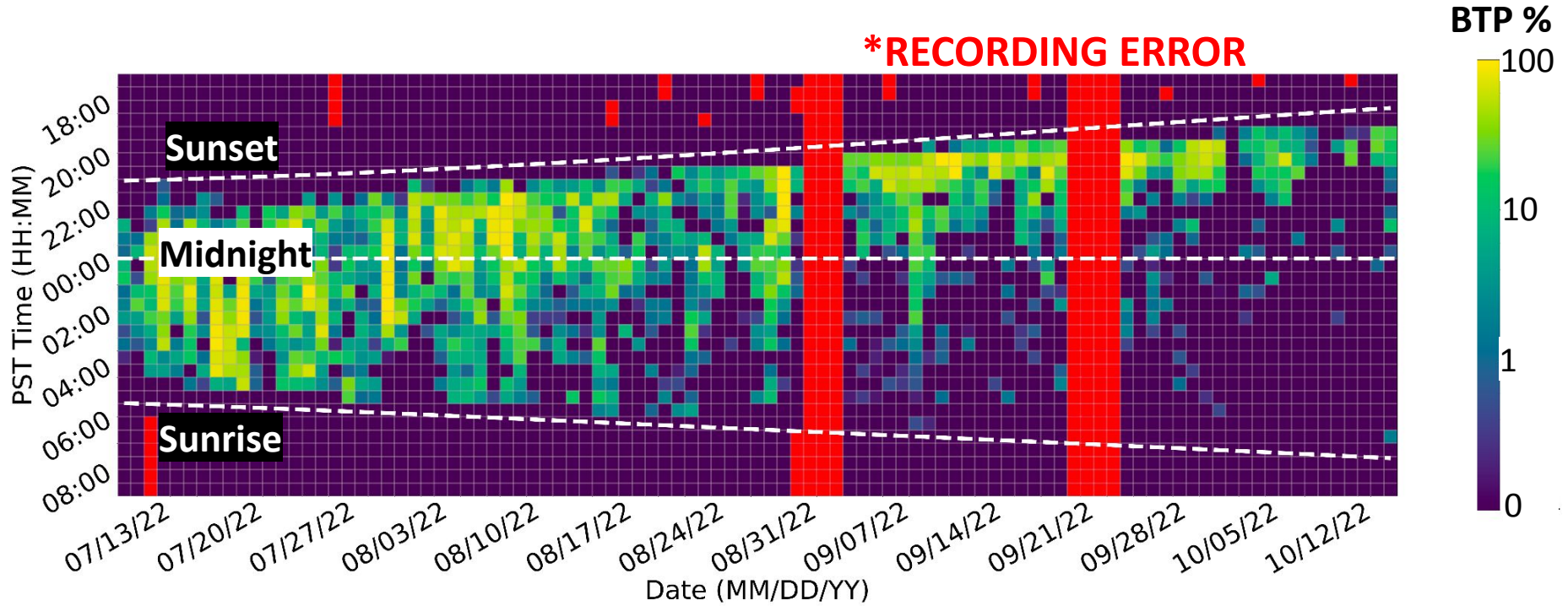
- Listening for 10 min vs. 5 min
- 2x increase in call rate
- Same can be applied for other metrics

Summarizing the estimation from duty-cycling

Evaluating 20 min ON every 30 min duty-cycling

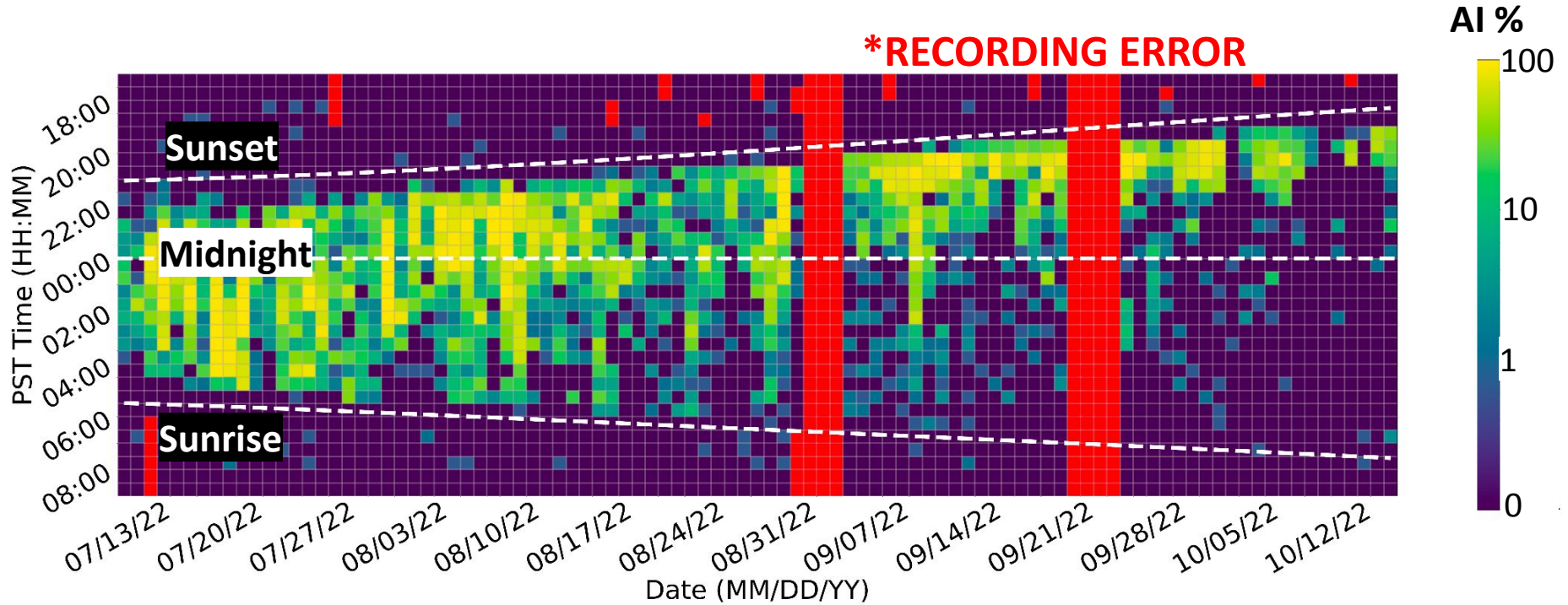


Activity using the BTP metric with 5/10 scheme



- Conserved the activity observed previously

Activity using the AI metric with 5/10 scheme



- Conserved the activity observed previously